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## State of Kansas

## Attorney General

Opinion 2012-5
Re: State Boards, Commissions and Authorities-Development Finance Authority-Division of Housing; Establishment and Administration; Powers and Duties; State Housing Plan; Official State Agency for Purposes of Federal Acts and Programs; February 3, 2012.
Synopsis: An out-of-state entity is neither a Kansas municipality, or housing authority created thereby, nor part of the Division of Housing within the Kansas Development Finance Authority. Such an entity may not act as a "public housing authority" in Kansas. Cited herein: K.S.A. 17-2337; 17-2338; 17-2339; 17-2340; 17-2345; K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8950; 74-8957; 74-8958; 42 U.S.C.A. § 1437; 42 U.S.C.A. § 1437a; 42 U.S.C.A. § 1437f. AA

## Opinion 2012-6

Re: Cities of the Second Class-Hospitals-Hospital Site and Building; Board of Trustees; Membership; Extension of Territorial Limits for Hospital Purposes in Certain Cities; Designation of Boundaries; Election Upon Petition; Attachment of Territory; February 22, 2012.

Synopsis: When a city that has provided for a hospital under K.S.A. 14-602 to 14-614 and 14-694 to 14-699 proposes incorporating into the city for hospital purposes territory that consists of multiple townships in the county in which the hospital is located, the election results in the townships in total determine whether the townships are incorporated into the city for hospital purposes. Cited herein: K.S.A. 14-602; 14-614; 14-693; 14-694; 14-699. RDS

## Opinion 2012-7

Re: State Departments, Public Officers and Employ-ees-Firearms-Restrictions on Carrying Concealed Handgun on Certain Property; Exceptions; February 24, 2012.

Synopsis: A city may limit the concealed carry of firearms by persons licensed under the Personal and Family Protection Act only by posting buildings as premises where carrying a concealed handgun is prohibited and/or by personnel policies. A city council may not allow only city council members to carry concealed handguns into city council meetings. Cited herein: K.S.A. 75-401; K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 75-7c10; 75-7c17. SF

Derek Schmidt Attorney General


#### Abstract

The Kansas Register (USPS 0662-190) is an official publication of the State of Kansas, published by authority of K.S.A. 75-430. The Kansas Register is published weekly and a cumulative index is published annually by the Kansas Secretary of State. One-year subscriptions are $\$ 80$ (Kansas residents must include applicable state and local sales tax). Single copies, if available, may be purchased for \$2. Periodicals postage paid at Topeka, Kansas. POSTMASTER: Send change of address form to Kansas Register, Secretary of State, 1st Floor, Memorial Hall, 120 S.W. 10th Ave., Topeka, KS 66612-1594. © Kansas Secretary of State 2012. Reproduction of the publication in its entirety or for commercial purposes is prohibited without prior permission. Official enactments of the Kansas Legislature and proposed and adopted administrative regulations of state agencies may be reproduced in any form without permission. Hard copy subscription information and current and back issues of the Kansas Register (PDF format) can be found at the following link: http://www.sos.ks.gov/pubs/pubs_kansas_register.asp


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## State of Kansas

## State Conservation Commission

Notice of Meeting

The State Conservation Commission will meet at 9 a.m. Monday, April 9, at the Kansas Department of Agriculture, 109 S.W. 9th , fourth floor conference room, Topeka. A copy of the agenda may be obtained by contacting Cathy Thompson, Department of Agriculture, 109 S.W. 9th, Room 2A, Topeka, 66612-1283, (785) 296-3600. If special accommodations are needed, please contact the agency three days in advance of meeting date.

Greg A. Foley Executive Director Division of Conservation
Doc. No. 040375

## State of Kansas

## Board of Education

## Notice of Hearing on Proposed Administrative Regulations

The State Board of Education will conduct a public hearing at 1:30 p.m. Tuesday, June 12, in the board room of the State Education Building, 120 S.E. 10th Ave., Topeka, to consider proposed amendment to a teacher licensure regulation, K.A.R. 91-1-209. A summary of the proposed regulation and its economic impact follows:
K.A.R. 91-1-209. This regulation establishes the requirements and options for adding additional endorsements to a valid license. It is being amended to remove a sunset date in subsection (f), which will allow the addition of teaching endorsements to a teaching license based solely on successful completion of the endorsement content assessment to continue, with the exception of specified endorsements.
No economic impact is anticipated for the State Board of Education, school districts, other governmental entities, private businesses or individuals.

A copy of the proposed regulation and its economic impact statement may be obtained by contacting the office of general counsel at the address below prior to the date of the hearing or by email to bhackett@ksde.org.

All interested persons will be given a reasonable opportunity at the hearing to present their views or arguments, either orally or in writing, in regard to the proposed regulation. In addition, the period of public notice hereby provided constitutes a public comment period for the purpose of receiving written public comments on the proposed regulation. Such written comments may be submitted by mail to the secretary of the State Board of Education, 120 S.E. 10th Ave., Topeka, 66612, or by email to pplamann@ksde.org. The hearing shall be conducted in compliance with the public hearing procedures of the State Board of Education.

Any individual with a disability may request accommodation in order to participate in the public hearing and may request the proposed regulation and economic impact statement in an accessible format. Requests for accommodation should be made at least five working days
in advance of the hearing by contacting Karen Watney at (785) 296-3906 or (TDD) (785) 296-8172, or by e-mail to kwatney@ksde.org.

Dianne DeBacker
Commissioner of Education
Doc. No. 040378

## State of Kansas <br> Board of Regents Universities

## Notice to Bidders

The universities of the Kansas Board of Regents encourage interested vendors to visit the various universities' purchasing offices' websites for a listing of all transactions, including construction projects, for which the universities' purchasing offices, or one of the consortia commonly utilized by the universities, are seeking information, competitive bids or proposals. The referenced construction projects may include project delivery construction procurement act projects pursuant to K.S.A. 767,125 et seq.
Emporia State University - Bid postings: www.emporia.edu/ busaff/. Additional contact info: phone: 620-341-5145, fax: 620-341-5073, email: thouse@emporia.edu. Mailing address: Emporia State University, Controller's Office/Purchasing, Campus Box 4021, 1200 Commercial, Emporia, KS 66801.
Fort Hays State University - Bid postings: www.fhsu.edu/bids. Additional contact info: phone: 785-628-4251, fax: 785-628-4046, email: purchasing@fhsu.edu. Mailing address: Fort Hays State Purchasing Office, 601 Park St., 318 Sheridan Hall, Hays, KS 67601.

Kansas State University - Bid postings: www.k-state.edu/purchasing/rfq. Additional contact info: phone: 785-532-6214, fax: 785-532-5577, email: kspurch@k-state.edu. Mailing address: Division of Financial Services/Purchasing, 21 Anderson Hall, Kansas State University, Manhattan, KS 66506.
Pittsburg State University - Bid postings: www.pittstate.edu/ office/purchasing. Additional contact info: phone: 620-235-4169, fax: 620-235-4166, email: jensch@pittstate.edu. Mailing address: Pittsburg State University, Purchasing Office, 1701 S. Broadway, Pittsburg, KS 66762-7549.
University of Kansas - Electronic bid postings: http:// www.purchasing.ku.edu/. Paper bid postings and mailing address: KU Purchasing Services, 1246 W. Campus Road, Room 30, Lawrence, KS 66045. Additional contact info: phone: 785-864-5800, fax: 785-864-3454, email: purchasing@ku.edu.
University of Kansas Medical Center - Bid postings: http:// www2.kumc.edu/finance/purchasing/bids.html. Additional contact info: phone: 913-588-1100, fax: 913-588-1102. Mailing address: University of Kansas Medical Center, Purchasing Department, Mail Stop 2034, 3901 Rainbow Blvd., Kansas City, KS 66160.

Wichita State University - Bid postings: www.wichita.edu/purchasing. Additional contact info: phone: 316-978-3080, fax: 316-978-3528. Mailing address: Wichita State University, Office of Purchasing, 1845 Fairmount Ave., Campus Box 12, Wichita, KS 67260-0012.

> Carla K. Bishop
> Chair of Regents Purchasing Group
> Director of Purchasing Kansas State University

Doc. No. 039551

## State of Kansas

Pooled Money Investment Board

## Notice of Investment Rates

The following rates are published in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4210. These rates and their uses are defined in K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-1675(b)(c)(d) and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 12-1675a(g).

| Effective 3-26-12 through | 4-1-12 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Rerm | Rate |
| 1-89 days | $0.14 \%$ |
| 3 months | $0.08 \%$ |
| 6 months | $0.14 \%$ |
| 1 year | $0.21 \%$ |
| 18 months | $0.29 \%$ |
| 2 years | $0.37 \%$ |

Scott Miller
Director of Investments
Doc. No. 040373

## State of Kansas <br> Department of Administration Office of Facilities and Property Management

## Notice of Requested Engineering Services

Notice is hereby given of the commencement of the selection process for civil engineering services for bridge inspection for the Kansas Department of Wildlife, Parks, and Tourism. Services will be provided in accordance with the National Bridge Inspection Standards as administered by the Kansas Department of Transportation. Twenty-five bridges are to be inspected, located at 14 KDWPT locations across the state. The bridges include timber, steel and concrete, and vary in age. Inspections must be completed by January 1, 2013.

For more information concerning the scope of services, contact Chad Grisier at (620) 672-0836.

To be considered, one (1) PDF file and one (1) bound proposal of the following should be provided: State of Kansas Professional Qualifications DCC Forms 051-054, inclusive, and information regarding similar projects. State of Kansas Professional Qualifications DCC Form 050 for each firm and consultant should be provided at the end. Proposals should be less than 5 MB and follow the current State Building Advisory Commission guidelines, which can be found in Chapter 4 of the Building Design and Construction Manual at www.da.ks.gov/fp/manual.htm. Proposals should be sent to Barbara Schilling, Office of Facilities and Property Management, Suite 600 South, Landon State Office Building, 900 SW Jackson, Topeka, 66612. If you have questions call (785) 291-3695 or email Barb.Schilling@da.ks.gov. Both the PDF and bound proposal submittals shall be delivered to the attention of Barbara Schilling before noon April 13.

> Mark J. McGivern, Director Office of Facilities and Property Management

## State of Kansas <br> Department of Corrections

## Notice of Committee Meeting

The Kansas Council for Interstate Adult Offender Supervision Committee will meet at noon Friday, April 13, in the Landon State Office Building, fourth floor, 900 S.W. Jackson, Topeka. The order of business is an update on recent federal changes to the Interstate Commission for Adult Offender Supervision Rules. For more information, contact Kelsee Hickey at (785) 296-3310. Persons requiring special accommodations at the meeting site should contact the Department of Corrections at least two days before the meeting.

Ray Roberts
Secretary of Corrections
Doc. No. 040377

## (Published in the Kansas Register March 29, 2012.)

## City of Offerle, Kansas

## Notice of Intent to Seek Private Placement General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012

Notice is hereby given that the city of Offerle, Kansas (the issuer), proposes to seek a private placement of the above-referenced bonds. The maximum aggregate principal amount of the bonds shall not exceed $\$ 75,000$. The proposed sale of the bonds is in all respects subject to approval of a bond purchase agreement between the issuer and the purchaser of the bonds and the passage of an ordinance and adoption of a resolution by the governing body of the issuer authorizing the issuance of the bonds and the execution of various documents necessary to deliver the bonds.
Dated February 8, 2012.
Sandra Kurth
City Clerk
Doc. No. 040379
(Published in the Kansas Register March 29, 2012.)

## City of Rossville, Kansas

## Notice of Intent to Seek Private Placement General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012

Notice is hereby given that the city of Rossville, Kansas (the issuer), proposes to seek a private placement of the above-referenced bonds. The maximum aggregate principal amount of the bonds shall not exceed $\$ 129,000$. The proposed sale of the bonds is in all respects subject to approval of a bond purchase agreement between the issuer and the purchaser of the bonds and the passage of an ordinance and adoption of a resolution by the governing body of the issuer authorizing the issuance of the bonds and the execution of various documents necessary to deliver the bonds.
Dated March 19, 2012.
Lisa Stum City Clerk

## State of Kansas

## Legislature

## Legislative Bills and Resolutions Introduced

The following numbers and titles of bills and resolutions were introduced March 15-21 by the 2012 Kansas Legislature. Copies of bills and resolutions are available free of charge from the Legislative Document Room, 58-S, State Capitol, 300 S.W. 10th Ave., Topeka, 66612, (785) 2964096. Full texts of bills, bill tracking and other information may be accessed at http://www.kslegislature.org/li/.

## House Bills

HB 2788, AN ACT concerning the use of state appropriated moneys, by Committee on Federal and State Affairs.
HB 2789, AN ACT creating the joint committee on KanCare oversight; amending K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,161 and 39-7,162 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 39-7,160 and 46-3501, by Committee on Appropriations.

## House Resolutions

HR 6019, by Reps. Tyson, Prescott, Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Grant, Gregory, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, LeDoux, Loganbill, Mah, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Weber, Wetta, Williams, Winn, K. Wolf, B. Wolf, Wolfe Moore and Worley, A RESOLUTION congratulating and commending the Kansas State Firefighter's Association on their 125th anniversary.
HR 6020, by Representatives Gregory, Alford, Arpke, Aurand, Ballard, Bethell, Billinger, Bollier, Boman, Bowers, Brookens, Brown, Bruchman, Brunk, Burgess, Burroughs, Calloway, Carlin, Carlson, Cassidy, Collins, Colloton, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Denning, Dillmore, Donohoe, Fawcett, Feuerborn, Finney, Flaharty, Frownfelter, Garber, D. Gatewood, S. Gatewood, Goico, Gonzalez, Goodman, Gordon, Grange, Grant, Grosserode, Hayzlett, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, C. Holmes, M. Holmes, Howell, Huebert, Johnson, Kelley, Kelly, Kerschen, Kiegerl, Kinzer, Kleeb, Knox, Kuether, Landwehr, Lane, LeDoux, Loganbill, Mah, Mast, McCray-Miller, McLeland, Meier, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, O'Hara, O'Neal, Osterman, Otto, Patton, Pauls, Peck, Peterson, Phelps, Phillips, Pottorff, Powell, Prescott, Proehl, Rhoades, Roth, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman, Scapa, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Slattery, Sloan, Smith, Spalding, Suellentrop, Swanson, Tietze, Trimmer, Tyson, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Weber, Wetta, Williams, Winn, K. Wolf, B. Wolf, Wolfe Moore and Worley, A RESOLUTION commemorating the Kansas Angels at Sunset Centennial.

HR 6021, by Representative O'Hara, Alford, Arpke, Boman, Brown, Calloway, Collins, DeGraaf, Donohoe, Fawcett, Garber, Goico, Goodman, Gordon, Gregory, Grosserode, Hedke, Hildabrand, Howell, Huebert, Kiegerl, Knox, Meigs, Mesa, Montgomery, O’Brien, Patton, Peck, Powell, Prescott, Rubin, Seiwert, Siegfreid, Smith, Suellentrop, Tyson, Vickrey and Weber, A RESOLUTION standing in opposition to the provisions in the National Defense authorization act for fiscal year 2012 which authorize military detention and trial of United States citizens and lawful residents in direct violation of the United States Constitution and the constitution of this state.

## Senate Concurrent Resolutions

SCR 1618, by Senators Morris, Emler and Hensley, A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION relating to the adjournment of the senate and house of
representatives for a period of time during the 2012 regular session of the legislature.

## Senate Resolutions

SR 1834, by Senators Umbarger, Marshall, Apple and King, A RESOLUTION honoring and commemorating the Sisters of Mercy Hospitals in Kansas.

SR 1835, by Senators Longbine, Brungardt, Francisco, Love, Masterson, Merrick and Reitz, A RESOLUTION congratulating and commending the 2012 Kansas Master Teachers.

SR 1836, by Senators Morris, Abrams, Apple, Brungardt, Donovan, Emler, Hensley, Holland, Huntington, Kelsey, Kultala, Longbine, Love, Lynn, Ostmeyer, Owens, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, A. Schmidt, V. Schmidt, Schodorf, Taddiken, Umbarger, Vratil and Wagle, A RESOLUTION congratulating and commending the Voyager class, 2013 graduating class of the Kansas Academy of Mathematics and Science.

SR 1837, by Senators Emler, Abrams, Apple, Bruce, Brungardt, Donovan, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Haley, Hensley, Holland, Huntington, Kelly, Kelsey, King, Kultala, Longbine, Love, Lynn, Marshall, Masterson, McGinn, Merrick, Morris, Olson, Ostmeyer, Owens, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Reitz, A. Schmidt, V. Schmidt, Schodorf, Taddiken, Teichman, Umbarger, Vratil and Wagle, A RESOLUTION congratulating and commending the Kansas State Firefighter's Association on their 125th anniversary.
SR 1838, by Senators V. Schmidt, Hensley and Kelly, A RESOLUTION congratulating Molly Rockefeller for receiving the prestigious 2012 Prudential Spirit of Community Award.

SR 1839, by Senator King, A RESOLUTION congratulating and commending the Independence Public Library for winning the Library Journal's Best Small Library in America Award.

SR 1840, by Senator Vratil, A RESOLUTION congratulating and commending Grace Schram for being named one of the top two youth volunteers in Kansas for 2012 by the Prudential Spirit of Community Awards.

SR 1841, by Senator Merrick, A RESOLUTION commemorating the 75th anniversary of the Wildlife and Sport Fish Recreation Program.

SR 1842, by Senator Haley, A RESOLUTION recognizing the misuse and abuse of prescription drug medications as a major threat to public health and safety in Kansas and nationwide.

SR 1843, by Senator Faust-Goudeau, A RESOLUTION encouraging cities in this state to organize local chapters of the African American Council of Elders.

Doc. No. 040374

## State of Kansas

## Secretary of State

## Executive Appointments

Executive appointments made by the Governor, and in some cases by other state officials, are filed with the Secretary of State's office. A listing of Kansas state agencies, boards, commissions, and county officials are included in the Kansas Directory, which is available on the Secretary of State's Web site at www.sos.ks.gov. The following appointments were recently filed with the Secretary of State:

## Clark County Register of Deeds

Brenda Ketron, P.O. Box 551, Ashland, 67831. Succeeds Melissa L. Young, deceased.

## Hodgeman County Clerk

Sarah Rains, 342 Point Drive, Great Bend, 67530. Succeeds Kari Wies.

## Kansas Agricultural Remediation Board

Brian Norton, Vice-Chair, 248 S. 150th St., Girard, 66743.
Kansas Credit Union Council
Dan Springer, 1310 Wilshire Drive, Hutchinson, 67501. Term expires March 15, 2015. Succeeds Garth Strand.
(continued)

## Kansas Commission on Emergency <br> Planning and Response

Scott Briggs, 2594 Road X, Reading, 66858. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015. Succeeds Ken Schremmer.

Kent Cornish, 5711 Wagstaff Drive, Lawrence, 66049. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015. Succeeds Jim Ogle.
Martha Gabehart, P.O. Box 396, Auburn, 66402. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015.
Ashley Goss, 919 Zerr Road, Garden City, 67846. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015. Succeeds Elizabeth Ticer.

Jack Taylor, P.O. Box 928, Emporia, 66801. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015. Reappointed.
Russell Tomevi, 1930 E. 13th Ave., Winfield, 67156. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015.
Mark Willis, 709 Meadowlark Lane, Newton, 67114. Term expires Nov. 30, 2015. Succeeds Ken Keller.

## Kansas Advisory Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention

Caley Love, Room 237-E, State Capitol, 300 S.W. 10th Ave., Topeka, 66612. Term expires June 30, 2015. Succeeds Sherrie Vaughan-Gregg.
Megan Schmidt, 1820 S. 13th St., Burlington, 66839. Term expires June 30, 2014. Succeeds Tyra Talbert.

## Kansas Solid Waste Grants Advisory Committee

Shawn Herrick, 7321 N.W. Rochester Road, Topeka, 66617. Term expires Dec. 12, 2013. Reappointed.

Stacy Neilson, 1120 Niles Ave., Kinsley, 67547. Term expires Dec. 12, 2013. Reappointed.
Joseph Pajor, 11725 Alderny Court, \#31, Wichita, 67212. Term expires Dec. 12, 2013. Reappointed.
Charles Peckham, P.O. Box 88, Atwood, 67730. Term expires Dec. 12, 2013. Reappointed.

## Kansas State Fair Board

Tom Tunnell, 1935 S.W. Indian Woods Lane, Topeka, 66611. Term expires March 14, 2015. Reappointed.

## Kansas State Use Committee

Brenda Maxey, 1495 Manchester, McPherson, 67460. Term expires June 30, 2013. Succeeds James Fletcher.

Rep. Jo Ann Pottorff, 6321 E. 8th St., Wichita, 67208. Term expires June 30, 2013. Reappointed.

## University of Kansas Hospital Authority

Alex D. Ammar, M.D., 345 N. Belmont, Wichita 67214. Term expires March 15, 2014. Succeeds George L. Farha.
Greg Graves, 5085 W. 177th Terrace, Stilwell, 66085. Term expires March 15, 2015. Reappointed.

Sharon Lindenbaum, 8501 Cherokee Place, Leawood, 66206. Term expires March 15, 2015. Reappointed.

## Kansas Volunteer Commission

Rodney Buchele, 2410 Commanche Ct., Garden City, 67846. Term expires March 24, 2015. Reappointment.

Kris W. Kobach Secretary of State

## State of Kansas

## Secretary of State

## Notice of Corporations Forfeited

In accordance with K.S.A. 17-7510, the articles of incorporation of the following corporations organized under the laws of Kansas and the authority of the following foreign corporations authorized to do business in Kansas were forfeited during the month of February 2012 for failure to timely file an annual report and pay the annual report fee as required by the Kansas general corporation code:

## Domestic Corporations

Advanced Telecom Technologies, Inc., Leawood, KS
Altrusa International of Hutchinson, Kansas Foundation, Hutchinson, KS
Belleville USBC Bowling Association, Belleville, KS
Brown Development LLC, Grain Valley, MO
C.B.V., Incorporated, Pittsburg, KS
C.F.R.E.T., Co., Topeka, KS

Concept Solutions, Inc., Alma, KS
Don's TV Service, Inc., Manhattan, KS
Ellis Country Club, Inc., Ellis, KS
Fe T. Villarante, M.D., P.A., Overland Park, KS
Hancock Excavating, Inc., Wichita, KS
Hazen, Inc., Parsons, KS
Iglesia Cristiana Tabernaculo de Avivamiento, Inc., Kansas City, KS
Kansas Emergency Medical Technicians Association, Inc., Emporia, KS
Lone Wolf Farms, Inc., Bendena, KS
Longwood Forest Homes Association, Shawnee Mission, KS
Maxx Trucking, Inc., Gardner, KS
Meek \& Associates, Inc., Overland Park, KS
MLO Incorporated, Goodland, KS
Olenhouse Crop Consultants, Inc., Seneca, KS
Packetops, Inc., Leawood, KS
Pure Talent Sports Ministry Inc., Kansas City, KS
Robertson Tank Service, Inc., Elkhart, KS
Scissors, Inc., Hutchinson, KS
The Emporia Jaycees, Incorporated, Emporia, KS
The Nathan A. Cobb Nematology Foundation, Marceline, MO
WCC Construction Company LLC, Kansas City, MO
Woodland Lakes Community Church, Inc./a Church of the Nazarene, Wichita, KS
Woodland Lakes Community Senior Village, Inc., Wichita, KS

## Foreign Corporations

Alabama Farmers Cooperative, Inc., Decatur, AL
American Academy of Family Physicians, Leawood, KS
Cangene Biopharma, Inc., Baltimore, MD
Dynamex Operations East, Inc., Dallas, TX
Flowtex, LLC, Sealy, TX
Gene Miller Company, Des Moines, IA
Intelerad Ltd., Montreal, Quebec
Melvil Building, LLC, Beverly Hills, CA
NCH Corporation, Tucson, AZ
Kris W. Kobach
Secretary of State
Doc. No. 040376

# State of Kansas <br> <br> Department of Health <br> <br> Department of Health and Environment 

 and Environment}

## Notice Concerning Kansas/Federal Water Pollution Control Permits and Applications

In accordance with Kansas Administrative Regulations 28-16-57 through 63, 28-18-1 through 17, 28-18a-1 through $33,28-16-150$ through 154, 28-46-7, and the authority vested with the state by the administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, various draft water pollution control documents (permits, notices to revoke and reissue, notices to terminate) have been prepared and/or permit applications have been received for discharges to waters of the United States and the state of Kansas for the class of discharges described below.
The proposed actions concerning the draft documents are based on staff review, applying the appropriate standards, regulations and effluent limitations of the state of Kansas and the Environmental Protection Agency. The final action will result in a Federal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Authorization and/or a Kansas Water Pollution Control permit being issued, subject to certain conditions, revocation and reissuance of the designated permit or termination of the designated permit.

## Public Notice No. KS-AG-12-078/085

Pending Permits for Confined Feeding Facilities

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Diamond Cattle Company | SW/4 of Section 30, | Lower Arkansas |
| Jeff Proffitt | T21S, R09W, Rice | River Basin |
| 10002 N. Sterling Road | County |  |
| Sterling, KS 67579 |  |  |

Sterling, KS 67579
Kansas Permit No. A-ARRC-C005 Federal Permit No. KS0092746
This is a permit modification and reissuance for an existing livestock facility with a maximum capacity of 4,000 head (4,000 animal units) of cattle weighing greater than 700 pounds. The facility consists of 28.55 acres of open lot pens and 7.85 acres of roadways, cattle alleys and feed storage area. Surface runoff and water overflow is collected by four sediment basins and three earthen retention structures. Proposed modifications include the construction of a silage pad and collection channel. This facility has an approved Nutrient Management Plan on file with KDHE.

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 69 Turkey Farm | SE/4 of Section 30, | Neosho River |
| Warren Scott | T33S, R25E, | Basin |
| 6294 N..E Coalfield Road | Cherokee County |  |
| Scammon, KS 66773 |  |  |

## mmon, KS 66773

Kansas Permit No. A-NECK-F007
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility for 33,000 head (594 animal units) of turkeys. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Meade County Feeders LLC | W/2 of Section 23, | Cimarron River |
| Matthew Welsh | T31S, R28W, Meade | Basin |
| 10096 18 Road | County |  |
| Meade, KS 67864 |  |  |

Kansas Permit No. A-CIME-C002 Federal Permit No. KS0115886
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility for 12,000 head (12,000 animal units) of cattle weighing more than 700 pounds. There
is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit. An approved Nutrient Management Plan for the facility is on file with KDHE

| Name and Address |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| James J. Meyer | SW/4 of Section 28, | Missouri River |
| 1537 200th Road | T01S, R13E, | Basin |
| Bern, KS 66408 | Nemaha County |  |

Kansas Permit No. A-MONM-S043
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 300 head ( 120 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds and 120 head ( 60 animal units) of cattle 700 pounds or less, for a total of 420 head ( 180 animal units) of swine and cattle. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Brad Ohlde | SW/4 of Section 01, | Lower Republican |
| 830 9th Road | T04S, R01E, | River Basin |
| Linn, KS 66953 | Washington County |  |

## Kansas Permit No. A-LRWS-S032

This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 2,400 head ( 960 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Steffen Farms | SW/4 of Section 33, | Smoky Hill River |
| Bruce Steffen | T10S, R02E, Clay | Basin |
| 917 First Road | County |  |
| Longford, KS 67458 |  |  |
| Kansas Pemmin |  |  |

Kansas Permit No. A-SHCY-S009
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 1,000 head ( 400 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds, 1,000 head ( 100 animal units) of swine 55 pounds or less and 300 head ( 300 animal units) of cattle more than 700 pounds, for a total of 2,300 head ( 800 animal units) of swine and cattle. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Zenith Project, LLC | SE/4 of Section 14, | Little Arkansas |
| Dr. Steve Henry \& | T18S, R07W, Rice | River Basin |
| Dr. Lisa Tokach | County |  | 320 N.E. 14th St.

Abilene, KS 67410
Kansas Permit No. A-LARC-S005
This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 1,866 head ( 746.4 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds and 2,220 head ( 222 animal units) of swine 55 pounds or less, for a total of 4,086 head (968.4 animal units) of swine. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

| Name and Address <br> of Applicant | Legal <br> Description | Receiving <br> Water |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Brad Ohlde | NW/4 of Section 02, | Lower Republican |
| 830 9th Road | T04S, R01E, | River Basin |
| Linn, KS 66953 | Washington County |  |

## Kansas Permit No. A-LRWS-S031

This permit is being reissued for an existing facility with a maximum capacity of 2,400 head ( 960 animal units) of swine more than 55 pounds. There is no change in the permitted animal units from the previous permit.

## Public Notice No. KS-EG-12-003

In accordance with K.A.R. 28-46-7 and the authority vested with the state by the administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, draft permits have been prepared for the use of the well(s) described below within the state of Kansas:
(continued)

## Name and Address of Applicant

National Cooperative Refinery Association
2000 S. Main St.
McPherson, KS 67460
Facility Location: McPherson, Kansas
Well \& Permit Number Location

| \#1 / KS-01-113-008 | SE, S32, T19S , R3W, McPherson Co. |
| :--- | :--- |
| \#5 / KS-01-013-009 | SE, S32, T19S, R3W, McPherson Co |

Facility Description: The proposed action is to reissue two existing Class I Injection Well permits. The injection fluids are described as nonhazardous liquid waste consisting of brine-contaminated water, sanitary wastewater, boiler blowdown, cooling tower blowdown, rinse water from zeolite regeneration and effluent from SBRs. Disposal is by gravity flow. Injection is to be made into the Arbuckle formation from a depth of 4,400 feet to a top depth of approximately 3,900 feet. The estimated maximum rates of injection to these disposal wells are $2,160,000$ gallons per day. All construction, monitoring and operation of these wells will meet the requirements that apply to Class I Injection Wells under the Kansas UIC regulations, K.A.R. 28-46-1 through 28-46-44.

Persons wishing to comment on the draft documents and/or permit applications must submit their comments in writing to the Kansas Department of Health and Environment if they wish to have the comments considered in the decision-making process. Comments should be submitted to the attention of the Livestock Waste Management Section for agricultural-related draft documents or applications, or to the Technical Services Section for all other permits, at the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Division of Environment, Bureau of Water, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 420, Topeka, 66612-1367.

All comments regarding the draft documents or application notices received on or before April 28 will be considered in the formulation of the final determinations regarding this public notice. Please refer to the appropriate Kansas document number (KS-AG-12-078/085, KS-EG-12003 ) and name of the applicant/permittee when preparing comments.

After review of any comments received during the public notice period, the Secretary of Health and Environment will issue a determination regarding final agency action on each draft document/application. If response to any draft document/application indicates significant public interest, a public hearing may be held in conformance with K.A.R. 28-16-61 (28-46-21 for UIC).

All draft documents/applications and the supporting information including any comments received are on file and may be inspected at the offices of the Kansas Department of Health and Environment, Bureau of Water. These documents are available upon request at the copying cost assessed by KDHE. Application information and components of plans and specifications for all new and expanding swine facilities are available on the Internet at http://www.kdheks.gov/feedlots. Division of Environment offices are open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Robert Moser, M.D.
Secretary of Health
and Environment

State of Kansas<br>Department of Health and Environment

## Request for Comments

The Kansas Department of Health and Environment is soliciting comments regarding two proposed air quality permits. Bettis Asphalt \& Construction, Inc. has applied for a construction permit modification in accordance with the provisions of K.A.R. 28-19-300, and a Class II operating permit in accordance with the provisions of K.A.R. 28-19-540. Emissions of particulate matter (PM), particulate matter with aerodynamic diameter less than or equal to 10 micrometers $\left(\mathrm{PM}_{10}\right)$, nitrogen oxides $\left(\mathrm{NO}_{\mathrm{x}}\right)$, carbon monoxide (CO), sulfur oxides $\left(\mathrm{SO}_{x}\right.$, essentially $\left.\mathrm{SO}_{2}\right)$, hazardous air pollutants (HAPs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and greenhouse gases (GHGs), including carbon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$, were evaluated during the permit review process. The purpose of a Class II permit is to limit the potential-to-emit for these pollutants to below major source thresholds.

Bettis Asphalt \& Construction, P.O. Box 1694, Topeka, 66601, owns and operates a hot mix asphalt facility located at 2350 N.W. Water Works Drive, Topeka, 66606, at which it is seeking approval to utilize used oil as an alternative fuel and to increase production throughput limitation.

A copy of the proposed permits, permit applications, all supporting documentation and all information relied upon during the permit application review process is available for public review for a period of 30 days from the date of publication during normal business hours at the KDHE, Bureau of Air, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 310, Topeka, and at the KDHE Northeast District Office, 800 W. 24th St., Lawrence. To obtain or review the proposed permits and supporting documentation, contact Lynette Bayless, (785) 291-3271, at the KDHE central office, and to review the proposed permit only, contact Pat Simpson, (785) 842-4600, at the KDHE Northeast District Office. The standard departmental cost will be assessed for any copies requested.

Direct written comments or questions regarding the proposed permits to Lynette Bayless, KDHE, Bureau of Air, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 310, Topeka, 66612-1366. In order to be considered in formulating a final permit decision, written comments must be received before the close of business April 30.

A person may request a public hearing be held on the proposed permits. The request for a public hearing shall be in writing and set forth the basis for the request. The written request must be submitted to Sharon Burrell, Bureau of Air, not later than the close of business April 30 in order for the Secretary of Health and Environment to consider the request.

Robert Moser, M.D.
Secretary of Health and Environment
Doc. No. 040384

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## State of Kansas <br> Department of Health and Environment

## Request for Comments

The Kansas Department of Health and Environment is soliciting comments regarding a proposed air quality operating permit. The Onyx Collection, Inc. has applied for a Class I operating permit renewal in accordance with the provisions of K.A.R. 28-19-510 et seq. The purpose of a Class I permit is to identify the sources and types of regulated air pollutants emitted from the facility; the emission limitations, standards and requirements applicable to each source; and the monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements applicable to each source as of the effective date of permit issuance.
The Onyx Collection Inc., 202 Anderson Ave., Belvue, 66407, owns and operates a cultured onyx bathroom products manufacturing facility located at the same address.
A copy of the proposed permit, permit application, all supporting documentation and all information relied upon during the permit application review process is available for a 30 -day public review during normal business hours at the KDHE, Bureau of Air, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 310, Topeka, and a copy of the proposed permit can be reviewed at the KDHE Northeast District Office, 800 W. 24th St., Lawrence. To obtain or review the proposed permit and supporting documentation, contact Kristin Fritchman, (785) 368-6683, at the KDHE central office, and to review the proposed permit only, contact Pat Simpson, (785) 842-4600, at the KDHE Northeast District Office. The standard departmental cost will be assessed for any copies requested.
Direct written comments or questions regarding the proposed permit to Kristin Fritchman, KDHE, Bureau of Air, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 310, Topeka, 66612-1366. In order to be considered in formulating a final permit decision, written comments must be received before the close of business April 30.
A person may request a public hearing be held on the proposed permit. The request for a public hearing shall be in writing and set forth the basis for the request. The written request must be submitted to Sharon Burrell, Bureau of Air, not later than the close of business April 30 in order for the Secretary of Health and Environment to consider the request.
The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has a 45day review period, which will start concurrently with the 30-day public comment period, within which to object to the proposed permit. If the EPA has not objected in writing to the issuance of the permit within the 45 -day review period, any person may petition the administrator of the EPA to review the permit. The 60-day public petition period will directly follow the EPA's 45-day review period. Interested parties may contact KDHE to determine if the EPA's 45-day review period has been waived.
Any such petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the public comment period provided for in this notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates that it was im-
practicable to raise such objections within such period, or unless the grounds for such objection arose after such period. Contact Patricia Scott, U.S. EPA, Region VII, Air Permitting and Compliance Branch, 901 N. 5th St., Kansas City, KS 66101, (913) 551-7312, to determine when the 45day EPA review period ends and the 60 -day petition period commences.

Robert Moser, M.D.
Secretary of Health and Environment
Doc. No. 040385

## State of Kansas <br> Department of Health and Environment

## Request for Comments

The Kansas Department of Health and Environment is soliciting comments regarding a proposed air quality operating permit. Acme Brick-Kanapolis Plant has applied for a Class I operating permit renewal in accordance with the provisions of K.A.R. 28-19-510 et seq. The purpose of a Class I permit is to identify the sources and types of regulated air pollutants emitted from the facility; the emission limitations, standards and requirements applicable to each source; and the monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements applicable to each source as of the effective date of permit issuance.
Acme Brick-Kanapolis Plant, 1715 Ave. L, Kanapolis, 67454 , owns and operates a brick manufacturing facility located at the same address.
A copy of the proposed permit, permit application, all supporting documentation and all information relied upon during the permit application review process is available for a 30-day public review during normal business hours at the KDHE, Bureau of Air, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 310, Topeka, and a copy of the proposed permit can be reviewed at the KDHE North Central District Office, 2501 Market Place, Suite D, Salina. To obtain or review the proposed permit and supporting documentation, contact Larry Lowry, (785) 296-6281, at the KDHE central office, and to review the proposed permit only, contact Stan Marshall, (785) 827-9639, at the KDHE North Central District Office. The standard departmental cost will be assessed for any copies requested.
Direct written comments or questions regarding the proposed permit to Larry Lowry, KDHE, Bureau of Air, 1000 S.W. Jackson, Suite 310, Topeka, 66612-1366. In order to be considered in formulating a final permit decision, written comments must be received before the close of business April 30.
A person may request a public hearing be held on the proposed permit. The request for a public hearing shall be in writing and set forth the basis for the request. The written request must be submitted to Sharon Burrell, Bureau of Air, not later than the close of business April 30 in order for the Secretary of Health and Environment to consider the request.
The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has a 45day review period, which will start concurrently with the
(continued)

30-day public comment period, within which to object to the proposed permit. If the EPA has not objected in writing to the issuance of the permit within the 45 -day review period, any person may petition the administrator of the EPA to review the permit. The 60 -day public petition period will directly follow the EPA's 45-day review period. Interested parties may contact KDHE to determine if the EPA's 45-day review period has been waived.
Any such petition shall be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the public comment period provided for in this notice, unless the petitioner demonstrates that it was impracticable to raise such objections within such period, or unless the grounds for such objection arose after such period. Contact Ward Burns, U.S. EPA, Region VII, Air Permitting and Compliance Branch, 901 N. 5th St., Kansas City, KS 66101, (913) 551-7312, to determine when the 45day EPA review period ends and the 60-day petition period commences.

Robert Moser, M.D. Secretary of Health and Environment
Doc. No. 040386

## State of Kansas <br> Department of Administration Procurement and Contracts

## Notice to Bidders

Sealed bids for items listed will be received by the Director of Procurement and Contracts until 2 p.m. on the date indicated. For more information, call (785) 296-2376:

| $04 / 10 / 2012$ | EVT0001308 | Agricultural Tractor \& Loader |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $04 / 11 / 2012$ | EVT0001301 | Aggregate, AS-1, District 3 |
| $04 / 11 / 2012$ | EVT0001311 | Janitorial Services - Junction City |
| $04 / 11 / 2012$ | EVT0001317 | Replacement of Fire Sprinkler |
|  |  | Heads |
| $04 / 18 / 2012$ | EVT0001265 | Fertilizer \& Custom Application |
| $04 / 23 / 2012$ | EVT0001298 | Investigator/Examiner Services |

The above-referenced bid documents can be downloaded at the following website:
http://www2.da.ks.gov/purch/contracts/bids.aspx
Additional files may be located at the following website (please monitor this website on a regular basis for any changes/addenda):
http://da.ks.gov/purch/adds/default.htm

| 04/10/2012 | A-011940 | Reroof Cone Dome - Wichita <br>  <br> Hillside - Kansas Dept. of <br> Transportation, Topeka |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $04 / 18 / 2012$ | A-011817 | Shop Addition - Gage Area - <br> Kansas Dept. of Transportation, <br> Topeka |

Information regarding prequalification, projects and bid documents can be obtained at (785) 296-8899 or http:// da.ks.gov/fp/.

Chris Howe, Director Procurement and Contracts

## State of Kansas

Department of Transportation

## Notice to Contractors

Sealed proposals for the construction of road and bridge work in the following Kansas counties will be received at the Bureau of Construction and Maintenance, KDOT, Topeka, or at the Eisenhower State Office Building, fourth floor west wing, 700 S.W. Harrison, Topeka, until 1 p.m. April 18 and then publicly opened:

## District One - Northeast

Atchison-59-3 KA-2657-01 - U.S. 59 from the Jeffer-son-Atchison county line north to the west city limits of Atchison, seal, 12.5 miles. (State Funds)
Atchison-Brown-106 KA-2660-01 - U.S. 73 in Atchison County from the asphalt pavement north to the north county line; U.S. 73 in Brown County from the south county line east to the city limits of Horton, seal, 15.5 miles. (State Funds)

Brown-75-7 KA-0747-01 - U.S. 75, 0.5 mile north of the north city limits of Sabetha north to the Brown-Nemaha county line, milling and overlay, 4.5 miles. (Federal Funds)
Brown-36-7 KA-2678-01 - Four U.S. 36 bridges in Brown County, replace bridge approaches. (State Funds)
Brown-36-7 KA-2275-01 - U.S. 36, 1.3 miles east of U.S. 75, bridge repair. (State Funds)

Jefferson-24-44 KA-2404-01 - U.S. 24, 1.8 miles east of the Shawnee-Jefferson county line east to the 2-lane-4lane divided highway, pavement reconstruction, 5.5 miles. (State Funds)
Jefferson-92-44 KA-2658-01 - K-92 from the junction of K-4 east to the north junction U.S. 59, crack repair, 12.7 miles. (State Funds)
Johnson-35-46 KA-1002-02 - I-35 from 119th Street north to the I-435/I-35/K-10 interchange, grading and surfacing, 2.2 miles. (Federal Funds)
Johnson-35-46 KA-2766-01 - I-35 from 1.1 miles north of County Route 346 north to 0.8 mile south of the south city limits of Olathe and the southbound I-35 off ramp to U.S. 169/K-7, overlay, 4.5 miles. (State Funds)
Johnson-635-46 KA-2771-01 - I-635 from the junction of I-35 to the Johnson-Wyandotte county line, pavement reconstruction, 0.4 mile. (State Funds)
Lyon-56 C-4529-01 - County road 0.1 mile north of Allen, grading, bridge and surfacing, 0.2 mile. (Federal Funds)
Nemaha-75-66 KA-0748-01 - U.S. 75 from the Brown-Nemaha county line north to the Nebraska state line, surfacing and bridge, 1.1 miles. (Federal Funds)
Riley-24-81 KA-2677-01 - U.S. 24 from the Clay-Riley county line southeast to the west junction of U.S. 24, milling and overlay, 11.7 miles. (State Funds)

Wyandotte-70-105 KA-2134-01 - I-70 staging area west of 72nd Street, lighting, 0.2 mile. (Federal Funds)

Wyandotte-7-105 KA-2670-01 - K-7 from the Kansas River bridge north to 1 mile north of the I-70 junction, 3.5 miles, asphalt surfacing. (State Funds)
Wyandotte-70-105 KA-2707-01 - I-70 bridges 0.3 and 0.34 mile west of the Kansas-Missouri state line, bridge overlay. (State Funds)

## District One and Two

Leavenworth-Jefferson-192-106 KA-2728-01 — K-192 from the Jefferson-Leavenworth county line east to the U.S. 73 junction; K-192 from the U.S. 59 junction east to the Jefferson-Leavenworth county line, milling and overlay, 16.2 miles. (State Funds)

Riley-Clay-82-81/14-106 KA-2708-01 - K-82 in Riley County from the Clay-Riley county line east to the south junction of U.S. 77; K-82 in Clay County from the junction of K-15 east to the Clay-Riley county line, crack repair, 10.7 miles. (State Funds)

## District Two - North Central

Chase-Marion-150-106 KA-2729-01 - K-150 from the U.S. 56 junction east to the Marion-Chase county line; K150 from the Marion-Chase county line east to the U.S. 50 junction, asphalt surfacing, 16.6 miles. (State Funds)

Cloud-Washington-106 KA-2686-01 - K-9 in Cloud County from the east city limits of Clyde east to the Cloud-Washington county line; K-9 in Washington County from the Cloud-Washington county line east to north city limits of Clifton; K-9 from the east city limits of Clifton east to the south junction of K-15; K-9 from the Clay-Washington county line north to the junction of K-15/K-148; K-15 in Washington County from the junction of K-9/K-148 east to the east junction of U.S. 36, crack repair, 33.5 miles. (State Funds)

Geary-Morris-57-106 KA-2714-101 - K-57 in Geary County from the junction of I-70/U.S. 40B/K-57 south to the Geary-Morris county line; K-57 in Morris County from the Geary-Morris county line south to the junction of k-4, crack repair, 19.6 miles. (State Funds)

Jewell-Republic-106 KA-2692-01 - U.S. 36 in Jewell County from 1.6 miles west of the west junction of K-14 east to 4.6 miles east of the east junction of K-14; U.S. 36 in Republic County from 1.1 miles east of the junction of U.S. 81 east to the Republic-Washington county line; entire route of K-139 in Republic County, crack repair, 23.4 miles. (State Funds)
Jewell-Republic-148-106 KA-2711-01 - K-148 in Jewell County from the junction of K-28 east to the JewellRepublic county line; K-148 in Republic County from the Jewell-Republic county line east to the junction of U.S. 81, crack repair, 22.5 miles. (State Funds)

Saline-4-85 KA-2264-01 - K-4 bridges southeast of 7th Street, Gypsum Creek overflow, Gypsum Creek and Hobbs Creek, bridge repair. (State Funds)

## District Three - Northwest

Ellis-70-26 KA-2722-01 - Five I-70 bridges in Ellis County, bridge overlay. (State Funds)

Russell-232-84 M-0019-01 - Various locations on K232, stockpile bituminous material, 9 miles. (State Funds)

Russell-84 KA-2727-01 - K-232 from the Russell-Lincoln county line north to the K-18 junction; K-18 from the east junction of U.S. 281 east to the Russell-Lincoln county line, milling and overlay, 22.3 miles. (State Funds)
Smith-92 C-4301-01 - County road 1.5 miles north and 1.5 miles west of Smith Center, grading and bridge, 0.2 mile. (Federal Funds)

Thomas-70-97 KA-2740-01 - I-70 from 0.5 mile east of the west county line east to the concrete approach and Exit 45, asphalt surfacing, 8.2 miles. (State Funds)

## District Four - Southeast

Anderson-169-2 KA-2201-01 - U.S. 169 from the north junction of U.S. 59 north to the Anderson-Franklin county line, milling and overlay, 12.7 miles. (State Funds)

Bourbon-6 KA-2746-01 - K-3 from the east junction of K-39 east to the west junction of K-39; K-39 from the Bourbon-Neosho county line east to the west junction of K-3; K-39 from the east junction of K-3 east to junction of K-7, seal, 14.8 miles. (State Funds)

Bourbon-Crawford-7-106 KA-2750-01 - K-7 in Bourbon County from the Crawford-Bourbon county line east to the south junction of U.S. 69; K-7 in Crawford County from the north city limits of Girard south to the Craw-ford-Bourbon county line, seal, 22.1 miles. (State Funds)

Crawford-126-19 KA-2269-01 -- K-126, 2 miles west of U.S. 69, bridge repair. (State Funds)

Linn-Miami-106 - KA-2753-01 - K-7 in Linn County from the Bourbon-Linn county line north to the Linn-Miami county line; K-7 in Miami County from the LinnMiami county line north to the south junction of U.S. 169, crack repair, 34.8 miles. (State Funds)

Miami-169-61 KA-2756-01 — U.S. 169 from 1.3 miles south of the south junction of K-7 north to 1.4 miles south of the Miami-Johnson county line, crack repair, 22.3 miles. (State Funds)
Wilson-Neosho-39-106 KA-2760-01 - K-39 in Wilson County beginning at the east junction of U.S. 75 east to the Wilson-Neosho county line; K-39 in Neosho County beginning at the Wilson-Neosho county line east to the north junction of U.S. 169, seal, 10.5 miles. (State Funds)

## District Five - South Central

Butler-77-8 KA-0842-01 — Intersection of U.S. 77 and Sixth Avenue in El Dorado, grading and surfacing, 0.2 mile. (State Funds)

Butler-177-8 KA-2246-01 - K-177 bridge 4.9 miles north of U.S. 54, bridge repair. (State Funds)

Kingman-54-48 KA-2652-01 - U.S. 54 from the east city limits of Kingman east to the two-lane-four-lane section, seal, 2.6 miles. (State Funds)

Kingman-54-48 KA-2691-01 - U.S. 54 from the K-17 junction east to the Kingman-Sedgwick county line, milling and overlay, 7.1 miles. (State Funds)

Pratt-42-76 KA-2655-01 - K-42 from the junction of U.S. 281 east to the Pratt-Barber county line, crack repair, 9 miles. (State Funds)

Sedgwick-96-87 KA-2653-01 - K-96 from Greenwich Road east to the junction of U.S. 54, crack repair, 4.1 miles. (State Funds)
Sumner-Sedgwick—42-106 KA-2730-01 — K-42 from the K-2 junction east to the Kingman-Sumner county line; K-42 from the Kingman-Sumner county line northeast to the K-49 junction, milling and overlay, 8.6 miles. (State Funds)

## District Six - Southwest

Clark-Meade-160-106 KA-2733-01 - U.S. 160 from the east junction of U.S. 54 near Meade east to the MeadeCowley county line; U.S. 160 from the Meade-Clark county line east to the north junction of U.S. 283, overlay, 17.4 miles. (State Funds)
(continued)

Hamilton-Kearny-50-106 KA-2732-01 - U.S. 50 from the east city limits of Syracuse east to the HamiltonKearny county line; U.S. 50 from the Hamilton-Kearny county line east to the west city limits of Lakin, milling and overlay, 26.3 miles. (State Funds)

Each bidder shall file a sworn statement executed by or on behalf of the person, firm, association or corporation submitting the bid, certifying that such person, firm, association or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid.

This sworn statement shall be in the form of an affidavit executed and sworn to by the bidder before a person who is authorized by the laws of the state to administer oaths. The required form of affidavit will be provided by the state to each prospective bidder. Failure to submit the sworn statement as part of the bid approval package will make the bid nonresponsive and not eligible for award consideration.

Plans and specifications for the projects may be examined at the office of the respective county clerk or at the KDOT district office responsible for the work.

> Barb Rankin
> Acting Secretary of Transportation

Doc. No. 040364

## State of Kansas

## Board of Regents

Permanent Administrative Regulations

## Article 29.—QUALIFIED ADMISSION

88-29-1. Definitions. The following terms, wherever used in this article or in article 29a, shall have the meanings specified in this regulation:
(a) "Accelerated course" means a course that meets all of the following criteria:
(1) Is designed for students performing above their grade level as determined by standardized testing;
(2) if the course is designed to be a $1 / 2$-unit course, is completed in less than 40 clock-hours;
(3) if the course is designed to be a one-unit course, is completed in less than 80 clock-hours; and
(4) has been determined by the board of regents to include similar or greater content, depth, and complexity as a one-unit course completed in 120 clock-hours or a $1 / 2$ unit course completed in 60 clock-hours.
(b) "Accredited high school" means one or more educational institutions that provide secondary instruction to students in grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 and that are designated accredited by a regional accrediting agency recognized by the United States department of education, by the Kansas state board of education, or by an agency with standards equivalent to those of the United States department of education or the Kansas state board of education.
(c) "Admission" means the permission given by the admission officer of a state educational institution to an
applicant to enroll as a degree-seeking student in a state educational institution.
(d) "Admission category" means one of the admission categories adopted by a state educational institution pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-3.
(e) "Complete application file" means the entire set of the following student records that have been received in the admission office of a state educational institution:
(1) A completed application to the state educational institution;
(2) verification that all applicable application fees have been paid;
(3) an official copy of the final transcript from each high school attended, including a transcript documenting graduation from high school, or a GED credential;
(4) when required pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-5, K.A.R. 88-29a-5, K.A.R. 88-29-7, or K.A.R. 88-29a-7, an official copy of all ACT or SAT scores; and
(5) any other materials required by the state educational institution for advising or placement purposes.
(f) "Degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment at a state educational institution and who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to complete a program of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.
(g) "Earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores" means one of the following:
(1) Took the GED test on or after January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 2,550 points and a minimum score of 510 points on each subtest; or
(2) took the GED test before January 1, 2002, with an overall score of at least 250 points and a minimum score of 50 points on each subtest.
(h) "Exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8c or K.A.R. 88-29a-8c, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas, who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4, K.A.R. 88-29-7, or K.A.R. 88-29a-7, and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for nonresident transfer admissions.
(i) "Exception window for nonresident transfer admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8b, may admit a person who is not a resident of Kansas and who has earned at least 24 credit hours of transferable coursework but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4.
(j) "Exception window for resident freshman class admissions" means a method by which any state educational institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8 or K.A.R. 88-29a-8, may admit a Kansas resident who does not meet the applicable requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29-4 through 88-29-6 or in K.A.R. 88-29a-5 and K.A.R. 88-29a6 and who is not eligible for admission pursuant to the exception window for resident transfer admissions.
(k) "Exception window for resident transfer admissions" means a method by which any state educational
institution, pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-8a, may admit a Kansas resident who has earned at least 24 credit hours of transferable coursework at an accredited community college, university, or other college but who is not eligible for admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29-4.
(l) "Institution of higher education" means an educational institution in any state, territory, or country that meets all of the following criteria:
(1) Meets one of the following requirements:
(A) Offers a course of instruction designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid; or
(B) offers a course of instruction that is equivalent to a program designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid;
(2) is legally authorized within the state, territory, or country that appears on the transcript to provide a program of education beyond secondary education; and
(3) meets one of the following requirements:
(A) Is accredited by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency; or
(B) has been granted preaccreditation status by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by either the United States department of education or an international accrediting agency.
(m) "Integrated course" means a course that redistributes the content of two or more qualified admission precollege curriculum courses into a nontraditional combination. A nontraditional combination may combine the content of qualified admission algebra I and qualified admission geometry over a period of four semesters in a sequence of courses titled integrated math I and II.
(n) "Kansas resident" means a person determined to be a resident for fee purposes, pursuant to K.S.A. 76-729 and amendments thereto.
(o) "Non-accredited private secondary school" means a private secondary school, as defined in K.S.A. 72-53,100 and amendments thereto, which may include a home school.
(p) "Non-degree-seeking student" means a student who has been accepted for enrollment in a state educational institution and who has formally indicated to the state educational institution the intent to enroll for selfenrichment or other reasons, excluding the intent to complete a course of study that is designated by the United States department of education as a program that is eligible for federal financial aid.
(q) "Precollege," when used to describe a course or curriculum, means a type of course or curriculum offered at an accredited high school that meets each of the following criteria:
(1) The course or curriculum is designed for a student performing at or above the student's grade level as determined by standardized testing.
(2) The content and requirements of the course or curriculum have been determined by the board of regents or the board's designee to reflect a pace of instruction, intensity and depth of material, level of abstraction, and application of critical thinking necessary to prepare students for study at state educational institutions.
(r) "State educational institution" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 76-711, and amendments thereto.
(s) "Transferable college credit hours" means postsecondary coursework that an admitting state educational institution will accept.
(t) "Unit" means a measure of secondary credit that may be awarded to a student for satisfactory completion of a particular course or subject. One unit of credit is credit that is awarded for satisfactory completion of a course or subject that is offered for and generally requires 120 clock-hours to complete. Credit may be awarded in increments based upon the amount of time a course or subject is offered and the requirements for completion. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)
88-29-5. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and is under the age of 21, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8.
(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets both of the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state; and
(2) meets at least one of the following criteria:
(A) Has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21 ;
(B) has ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; or
(C) has completed the qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, or its functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29-18, with a minimum grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale.
(c) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets both of the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; and
(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21.
(d) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is under the age of 21 and who has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and imple-
(continued)
menting K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-26-09, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-6. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29-8.
(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state; or
(2) has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; or
(3) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-7. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements established in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and is under the age of 21 , except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements prescribed in this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29-8c.
(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is under the age of 21 and who meets both of the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; and
(2) meets at least one of the following criteria:
(A) Achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21;
(B) ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; or
(C) completed the qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29-11, or its functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29-19, with a minimum grade point average of at least 2.5 on a 4.0 scale.
(c) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is under the age of 21 and who meets both of the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school meeting requirements substantially equivalent to those in K.S.A. 72-53,100 through 72-53,102, and amendments thereto; and
(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21.
(d) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is under the age of 21 and who meets both of the following requirements:
(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1; and
(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended, T-88-6-2609, July 1, 2009; amended Nov. 13, 2009; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-7a. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements of this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that this regulation shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29-8c.
(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; or
(2) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29-10. Methods for state educational institutions to use when evaluating qualifications for admission. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants before the 2015 summer session.
(a) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider an applicant's ACT or SAT scores as follows:
(1) A documented score of 980 on the SAT, excluding the writing portion of the SAT, shall be deemed the equivalent of a composite score of 21 on the ACT for purposes of this article.
(2) A documented composite score of 21 or above on the ACT may be used to admit an applicant in the temporary admission category after the applicant's completion of the sixth high school semester, without further review of the applicant's materials.
(3) The admission officer shall consider the applicant's best composite ACT score for admission decisions.
(4) If an applicant has taken both the ACT and SAT, the admission officer shall consider the applicant's better score on the two tests for admission decisions.
(b) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider class rank as follows:
(1) If class rank cannot be determined, the admission officer shall not admit an applicant under this criterion.
(2) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's seventh semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.
(3) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's sixth semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.
(c) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum as follows:
(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29-11 are met before calculating grade point average.
(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses appearing on the official high school transcript.
(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course was approved by the board of regents staff, in accordance with procedures established by the board of regents or the board's designee, for the semester and year in which the applicant completed the course and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.
(4) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course code that appears on the official high school transcript is the same as the course code of the approved course.
(5)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of B, two points to a grade of $C$, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.
(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (b)(5)(A).
(6) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:
(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P .
(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a $P$ is equivalent to a grade of $C$ or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P .
(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P , the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.
(7) If an applicant has retaken an approved qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum.
(8) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum and if this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade for the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:
(A) Each college course with three or more credit hours, but no more than five credit hours, shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.
(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.
(d) If functional equivalents are substituted for courses in the qualified admission precollege curriculum in one or more disciplines, the admission officer of a state educational institution shall not assign a grade point value to the functional equivalents when calculating the qualified admission precollege curriculum grade point average.
(e) At the time of admission of an applicant, the state educational institution shall notify the applicant of each of the following:
(1) The category or categories in which the applicant is admitted;
(2) any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission; and
(3) the requirements for removing any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective Aug. 1, 2007; amended July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

## Article 29a.-STATE UNIVERSITY ADMISSIONS

88-29a-5. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and is under the age of 21 , except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for resident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8.
(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:
(continued)
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state;
(2) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale:
(A) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;
(B) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or
(C) for eligible applicants, the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-18 (a) through (e) or in K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f);
(3) meets at least one of the following criteria:
(A) Has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; or
(B) has ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; and
(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.
(c) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school;
(2) has completed one of the following:
(A) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or
(B) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;
(3) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and
(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.
(d) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is under the age of 21 and who meets the following requirements:
(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1;
(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and
(3) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-6. Qualifications required for the admission of a Kansas resident who is 21 or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a Kansas resident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be ad-
mitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8.
(b) Each state educational institution shall admit any Kansas resident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school in Kansas or, pursuant to K.S.A. 72-116 and amendments thereto, an accredited high school located out of state;
(2) has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school; or
(3) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-7. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is under the age of 21. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements in this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and is under the age of 21 , except that the requirements shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements prescribed in this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window for nonresident freshman class admissions described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8c.
(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school;
(2) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:
(A) The qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11;
(B) the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3; or
(C) the qualified admission precollege curriculum functional equivalent described in K.A.R. 88-29a-19;
(3) meets at least one of the following criteria:
(A) Has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; or
(B) has ranked in the top third of the applicant's high school class upon completion of seven or eight semesters; and
(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.
(c) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:
(1) Has graduated from a non-accredited private secondary school meeting requirements substantially equivalent to those in K.S.A. 72-53,100 through 72-53,102, and amendments thereto;
(2) has completed one of the following with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale:
(A) Coursework equivalent to the qualified admission precollege curriculum as described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or
(B) coursework equivalent to the Kansas scholars curriculum established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3;
(3) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21; and
(4) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours.
(d) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident under the age of 21 who meets the following requirements:
(1) Has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1;
(2) has achieved a composite score on the ACT of at least 21 ; and
(3) has achieved a minimum cumulative GPA of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale on all transferable college credit hours. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-7a. Qualifications required for the admission of a nonresident who is $\mathbf{2 1}$ or older. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session. (a) The requirements of this regulation shall apply to any applicant who is a nonresident and who will be 21 or older on the first day of classes at the state educational institution to which the student is applying, except that this regulation shall not apply to any applicant who has earned 24 or more credit hours from an institution of higher education that are transferable to a state educational institution. If an applicant to whom this regulation is applicable does not meet the requirements of this regulation, the applicant may be admitted by means of the exception window described in K.A.R. 88-29a-8c.
(b) Any state educational institution may admit any nonresident who is 21 or older and who meets one of the following criteria:
(1) Has graduated from an accredited high school; or
(2) has earned the general educational development (GED) credential with at least the prescribed minimum scores, as defined in K.A.R. 88-29-1. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-10. Methods for state educational institutions to use when evaluating qualifications for admission. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the 2015 summer session.
(a) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider an applicant's ACT or SAT scores as follows:
(1) A documented score of 980 on the SAT, excluding the writing portion of the SAT, shall be deemed the equivalent of a composite score of 21 on the ACT for purposes of this article.
(2) A documented composite score of 21 or above on the ACT may be used to admit an applicant in the temporary admission category after the applicant's completion of the sixth high school semester, without further review of the applicant's materials.
(3) The admission officer shall consider the applicant's best composite ACT score for admission decisions.
(4) If an applicant has taken both the ACT and SAT, the admission officer shall consider the applicant's better score on the two tests for admission decisions.
(b) Each admission officer at a state educational institution shall consider class rank as follows:
(1) If class rank cannot be determined, the admission officer shall not admit an applicant under this criterion.
(2) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's seventh semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.
(3) If an applicant's documented class rank is in the top third of the applicant's class after the applicant's sixth semester of high school, the class rank may be used to admit an applicant into the temporary admission category without further review of the applicant's materials.
(c) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for any applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-11, as follows:
(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-11 are met before calculating grade point average.
(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses appearing on the official high school transcript.
(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course was approved in accordance with K.A.R. 88-29a-11 for the semester and year in which the applicant completed the course and if the applicant earned a grade of D or better.
(4) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum only if the course code that appears on the official high school transcript is the same as the course code of the approved course.
(5)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of $B$, two points to a grade of C , and one point to a grade of D . Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.
(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).
(6) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:
(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a $P$ is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P .
(continued)
(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of $C$ or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P.
(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a $P$, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.
(7) If an applicant has retaken an approved qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum.
(8) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum and if this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade for the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:
(A) Each college course with three or more credit hours, but no more than five credit hours, shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.
(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.
(d) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the Kansas scholars curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the Kansas scholars curriculum for any applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3, as follows:
(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3 are met before calculating grade point average.
(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for approved Kansas scholars curriculum courses appearing on the official high school transcript.
(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved Kansas scholars curriculum only if the course was approved in accordance with guidelines established pursuant to K.A.R. 88-13-3 and if the applicant earned a grade of $D$ or better.
(4)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved Kansas scholars curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of $B$, two points to a grade of $C$, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.
(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).
(5) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:
(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a $P$ is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.
(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of $C$ or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P .
(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a $P$, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.
(6) If an applicant has retaken an approved Kansas scholars course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the approved Kansas scholars curriculum.
(7) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the approved Kansas scholars curriculum and this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade in the college course, for purposes of determining the Kansas scholars curriculum grade point average, as follows:
(A) Each college course with at least three but no more than five credit hours shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.
(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.
(e) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum for any resident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-18(a) through (e), as follows:
(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-18(a) through (e) are met before calculating grade point average.
(2) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of approved qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken from an accredited Kansas high school as described in paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(8)(B).
(3) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of college preparatory courses taken from a high school located outside the state of Kansas as follows:
(A) The applicant shall have earned a grade of D or better.
(B)(i) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the qualified admission precollege curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of A, three points to a grade of $B$, two points to a grade of C , and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.
(ii) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).
(4) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:
(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a $P$ is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of $P$.
(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of $C$ or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of $P$.
(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a $P$, the admis-
sion officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.
(5) If an applicant has retaken a qualified admission precollege course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the qualified admission precollege curriculum.
(6) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the qualified admission precollege curriculum and this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade in the college course, for purposes of determining the precollege curriculum grade point average, as follows:
(A) Each college course with at least three but no more than five credit hours shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.
(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.
(f) For any resident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f), the admission officer shall calculate the grade point average in the qualified admission precollege curriculum as follows:
(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-18(f) are met before calculating grade point average.
(2) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken from an accredited Kansas high school as described in paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(8)(B).
(3) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of college preparatory courses taken from high schools located outside the state of Kansas as described in paragraphs (e)(3) through (e)(6)(B).
(4) The admission officer shall calculate the grade point average of qualified admission precollege curriculum courses taken after high school graduation as described in paragraphs (e)(6)(A) and (e)(6)(B).
(g) If the high school has not already calculated the grade point average in the college preparatory curriculum established by the state in which the applicant is a resident and provided that information on the official high school transcript, each admission officer at a state educational institution shall calculate grade point average for that state's college preparatory curriculum for any nonresident applicant seeking admission pursuant to K.A.R. 88-29a-19(a) as follows:
(1) The admission officer shall ensure that the requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-19(a) are met before calculating grade point average.
(2) The admission officer shall calculate a grade point average only for college preparatory courses appearing on the official high school transcript.
(3) The admission officer shall consider a course to be part of the approved college preparatory curriculum only if the applicant earned a grade of $D$ or better.
(4)(A) If the high school transcript reports grades on a four-point scale, the admission officer shall calculate grade point averages in the approved college preparatory curriculum by assigning four points to a grade of $A$, three points to a grade of $B$, two points to a grade of $C$, and one point to a grade of D. Pluses and minuses shall not be considered in the calculation.
(B) If the high school transcript reports grades on a scale other than a four-point scale, the admission officer shall mathematically convert the grades to a four-point scale and assign points as described in paragraph (c)(5)(A).
(5) The admission officer shall consider grades of P or pass as follows:
(A) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of D or higher, the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of $P$.
(B) If the high school transcript indicates that a P is equivalent to a grade of $C$ or higher, the admission officer shall assign two grade points to each grade of P .
(C) If the high school transcript does not indicate the minimum letter grade corresponding to a P , the admission officer shall assign one grade point to each grade of P.
(6) If an applicant has retaken a college preparatory course, the admission officer shall use the highest grade when calculating the grade point average for the college preparatory curriculum.
(7) If an applicant has taken a college course to meet the requirements for the college preparatory curriculum and this college course appears on the applicant's official high school transcript, the admission officer shall calculate the grade in the college course, for purposes of determining the college preparatory curriculum grade point average, as follows:
(A) Each college course with at least three but no more than five credit hours shall be treated as a one-unit high school course.
(B) Each college course with more than five credit hours shall be treated as a two-unit high school course.
(h) At the time of admission of an applicant, the state educational institution shall notify the applicant of each of the following:
(1) The category or categories in which the applicant is admitted;
(2) any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission; and
(3) the requirements for removing any enrollment restrictions associated with the applicant's category or categories of admission. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-11. Requirements for the qualified admission precollege curriculum. This regulation shall be applicable to each state educational institution's review of applicants beginning with the academic year 2014-2015 summer session. In order to admit any applicant under the qualified admission precollege curriculum criteria, each state educational institution shall require the applicant to provide an official high school transcript documenting completion of the approved qualified admission precollege curriculum specified in this regulation.

For each student graduating from high school in academic year 2014-2015 and thereafter, the qualified admission precollege curriculum shall consist of courses that are among those listed in "Kansas board of regents precollege curriculum courses approved for university
(continued)
admissions," as adopted by reference in K.A.R. 88-29-11. The qualified admission precollege curriculum shall consist of the following distribution of courses:
(a) One of the following:
(1) Four units of approved qualified admission English courses, which shall include reading, writing, and literature; or
(2) four units of approved qualified admission English courses, of which three and $1 / 2$ units shall include reading, writing, and literature and $1 / 2$ unit of speech;
(b)(1) If the student has achieved the ACT or SAT college readiness math benchmark, three units of approved qualified admission mathematics courses that meet the following requirements:
(A) The course shall be completed in the ninth through twelfth grades; and
(B) the course shall be selected from any of the following courses:
(i) Qualified admission algebra I;
(ii) qualified admission geometry;
(iii) qualified admission algebra II;
(iv) any mathematics course that has qualified admission algebra II as a prerequisite; or
(v) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; or
(2) if the student has not achieved the ACT or SAT college readiness math benchmark, four units of approved qualified admission mathematics courses, one of which shall be taken in the year the student graduates high school, that meet the following requirements:
(A) The course shall be completed in the ninth through twelfth grades;
(B) at least three of the courses shall be selected from any of the following courses:
(i) Qualified admission algebra I;
(ii) qualified admission geometry;
(iii) qualified admission algebra II;
(iv) any mathematics course that has qualified admission algebra II as a prerequisite; or
(v) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; and
(C) the fourth unit may be selected from any other mathematics courses prescribed by the local school district and designed to prepare students for college;
(c) three units of approved qualified admission natural science courses that meet the following requirements:
(1) The three units shall be selected from any of the following courses:
(A) Qualified admission biology;
(B) qualified admission advanced biology;
(C) qualified admission chemistry;
(D) qualified admission physics;
(E) qualified admission earth-space science;
(F) qualified admission principles of technology; or
(G) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee; and
(2) at least one unit shall be selected from a qualified admission chemistry course or a qualified admission physics course;
(d) three units of approved qualified admission social science courses, which shall include instruction in United States history, United States government, and geography; and
(e) three units of elective courses selected from any of the following categories:
(1) English;
(2) mathematics;
(3) natural science;
(4) social science;
(5) foreign language;
(6) personal finance;
(7) speech, debate, or forensics;
(8) journalism;
(9) computer or information systems;
(10) fine arts;
(11) career and technical education; or
(12) any other course approved by the chief executive officer of the board of regents or the chief executive officer's designee. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-18. Functional equivalents of the qualified admission precollege curriculum; residents. In order to admit an applicant under the criterion of successful completion of the functional equivalent of the precollege curriculum, the admission officer of each state educational institution shall require each applicant who is a resident of Kansas and who graduates from high school in academic year 2014-2015 or later to meet the requirements specified in subsections (a) through (e) or in subsection (f). An admission officer of a state educational institution shall not grant any exception to this regulation. The admission officer shall utilize subsections (a) through (e) only for resident applicants who have completed 15 or fewer quarters of high school in Kansas.
(a) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege English courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any four units of high school English. A general education English course consisting of three or more semester hours taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school English. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.
(b) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege natural science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of high school natural science courses chosen from one of the following areas:
(1) Biology;
(2) chemistry;
(3) physics;
(4) earth or space science;
(5) principles of technology;
(6) integrated science;
(7) physical science; or
(8) environmental science.

A general education natural science course consisting of three or more semester hours taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school natural science. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.
(c) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege social science courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of high school social science courses that meet Kansas high school graduation requirements.

A general education social science course consisting of three or more semester hours taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school social science. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.
(d) To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege elective courses described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of any three units of fine arts, computer or information systems, foreign languages, personal finance, speech, debate, forensics, journalism, career and technical education courses, or units of English, mathematics, social science, or natural science that are in addition to those required in subsections (a) through (c) and subsection (e).
A general education course consisting of three or more semester hours in English, mathematics, social science, natural science, fine arts, computer or information systems, foreign language, personal finance, speech, debate, forensics, journalism, or career and technical education taken before high school graduation and either offered by or accepted in transfer by a state educational institution may be substituted for one unit of high school electives. The course shall be documented on the official high school transcript.
(e) Each applicant shall provide official documentation of successful completion of the math requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29a-11(b)(1) or (b)(2).
(f) Any admission officer may utilize this subsection for any resident applicant who, upon high school graduation, has met most but not all of the precollege curriculum requirements specified in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, or the functional equivalents specified in subsections (a) through (e). Any resident applicant not meeting the precollege curriculum requirements of K.A.R. 88-29a-11, or the functional equivalents specified in subsections (a) through (e), may complete college credit courses to meet the unfulfilled precollege curriculum requirements, if all the following requirements are met:
(1) The course shall be transferable to a state educational institution.
(2) The course shall be three or more semester hours.
(3) The course shall be in the same subject area as the identified deficiency.
(4) The applicant shall submit documentation on the official college transcript of completion of the course.
(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

88-29a-19. Functional equivalents of the qualified admission precollege curriculum; nonresidents. In order to admit an applicant under the criterion of successful completion of the functional equivalent of the precollege curriculum, the admission officer of each state educational institution shall require each applicant who is not a resident of Kansas and who graduates from high school in academic year 2014-2015 or later to meet at least one of the sets of requirements specified in subsections (a) and (b). An admission officer of a state educational institution shall not grant any exception to this regulation.
To demonstrate successful completion of the functional equivalent of the qualified admission precollege curriculum described in K.A.R. 88-29a-11, each applicant shall provide one of the following:
(a) Documentation on the official high school transcript of completion of the college preparatory curriculum established by the state in which the applicant is a resident. This option may be used only if the resident state's college preparatory curriculum is at least as rigorous as that required by K.A.R. 88-29a-11; or
(b) official documentation of achievement of all four ACT college readiness benchmarks. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 76-717; effective July 22, 2011; amended April 13, 2012.)

Andy Tompkins
President and CEO
Doc. No. 040380

## State of Kansas

## Kansas Lottery <br> Temporary Administrative Regulations

## Article 401.-HOLLYWOOD CASINO AT KANSAS SPEEDWAY (NORTHEAST GAMING ZONE)

111-401-1. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Blackjack," also known as "21,' beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

The rules and regulations for the game of "Blackjack" are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-1 through 111-401-6, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-2011 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-2. Object of game. The object of the "Blackjack" game is for a player to beat the dealer's hand by accepting cards without exceeding the sum of 21 points. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-3. Definitions. The following definitions when pertaining to the game of "Blackjack" or "21," shall
(continued)
have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
(a) "A blackjack" shall mean an ace and any card having a point value of 10 dealt as the initial two cards to a player or a dealer, except that this shall not include an ace and a ten point value card dealt to a player who has split pairs.
(b) "Burn" or "burning" a card shall mean to remove a card from play.
(c) "Dealer" shall mean the person responsible for dealing the cards.
(e) "Discard rack" shall mean the receptacle into which cards are placed after each round of decisions is rendered in a game.
(f) "Hard total" shall mean the total point count of a hand which contains no aces or which contains one or more aces that are each counted as having one point in value.
(g) "Push" or "tie" shall mean the player does not lose or win the hand played.
(h) "Shoe" shall mean the receptacle into which cards are placed to be held for dealing to the players and dealer.
(i) "Soft total" shall mean the total point count of a hand containing an ace when the ace is counted as having 11 points in value. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-4. Characteristics of the game. (a) The game of Blackjack is played on a table consisting of five to seven individual betting areas on a layout approved by the lottery.
(b) Blackjack shall be played with at least two decks of playing cards and all decks of cards shall be identical in appearance. Each deck of playing cards shall consist of 13 value cards ( $2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$, jack, queen, king, and ace) in each of four suits (hearts, spades, diamonds, and clubs). The value of the cards contained in each deck shall be as follows:
(1) Any card from 2 to 10 shall have its face value;
(2) Any jack, queen or king shall have a value of 10; and
(3) An ace shall have a value of 11 , unless that value would give a player or the dealer a score in excess of 21, in which case it shall have a value of one. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-5. Wagers. (a) Prior to the first card being dealt for each round of play, each player at the game of blackjack shall make a wager against the dealer which shall win if:
(1) The score of the player is 21 or less and the score of the dealer is in excess of 21 ;
(2) The score of the player exceeds that of the dealer without either score exceeding 21 ; or
(3) The player has achieved a score of 21 in two cards and the dealer has achieved a score of 21 in more than two cards.
(b) Except as otherwise provided in these rules, a wager made in accordance with this section shall be void when the score of the player is the same as the dealer; provided,
however, that a player's wager shall be lost when the dealer has a blackjack and the player has a score of 21 which is not a blackjack.
(c) Except as otherwise provided in these rules, no wager shall be made, increased or withdrawn after the first card of the respective round has been dealt.
(d) All wagers at blackjack shall be made by placing gaming chips on the appropriate areas of the blackjack layout.
(e) After each round of play is complete, the dealer shall collect all losing wagers and pay off all winning wagers, except that if the cards in a player's hand exceed a total of 21 points ("busts,') the wager for that hand shall be lost and the wager shall be immediately collected by the dealer. All winning wagers made in accordance with these rules shall be paid at odds of one to one with the exception of a blackjack which shall be paid at odds of three to two or at odds of six to five, as stated on the gaming table layout.
(f) Once the first card of any hand has been removed from the shoe by the dealer, no player shall handle, remove or alter any wagers that have been made until a decision has been rendered and implemented with respect to that wager except as permitted by these rules.
(g) Once a wager on the insurance line, a wager to double down, or a wager to split pairs has been made, no player shall handle, remove or alter such wagers until a decision has been rendered and implemented with respect to that wager except as permitted by these regulations.
(h) A double down wager shall win if the total of the player's cards exceeds the total of the dealer's cards without exceeding a total of twenty-one (21). A double down wager shall push or tie if the player's hand and the dealer's hand are equal. A double down wager shall lose if the total of the player's cards exceeds twenty-one (21) or is less than the total of the dealer's cards. A double down wager shall be paid at the rate of one to one on both the original wager and the double down portion of the wager. Depending on house rules as made available to all players, a player may or may not double down after splitting pairs.
(i) A split bet shall win if the total of the player's cards exceeds the total of the dealer's cards without exceeding a total of twenty-one (21). A split bet shall lose if the total of the player's cards exceeds twenty-one (21) or is less than the total of the dealer's cards. A split bet shall tie or push if the player's hand and the dealer's hand are equal. A split bet shall be paid at the rate of one to one on both the original wager and the split wager. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14 , 2011.)

111-401-6. Play. (a) After the cards have been shuffled, the dealer shall offer the stack of cards to a player to be cut. The player may cut the cards by placing a cutting card provided by the dealer. The cut card must be placed in the stack so there are no fewer than approximately 52 cards on either side of the cut card for a six deck game, as estimated by the dealer, or no fewer than approximately 26 cards on either side of the cut card for a double deck game, as estimated by the dealer.
(b) At the commencement of each round of play, the dealer shall, starting on the dealer's left and continuing around the table, deal the cards in the following order:
(1) One card face upwards to each box on the blackjack layout in which a wager is contained;
(2) One card face upwards to the dealer; and,
(3) A second card face upwards to each position in which a wager is contained.
(4) A second card face down to the dealer and placed underneath the dealer's up card (card dealt face up).
(c) After two cards have been dealt to each player and the dealer, the dealer shall, beginning from the dealer's left, have each player indicate whether they wish to double down, split, stand or draw.
(d) As each player indicates the player's decision(s), the dealer shall deal whatever additional cards, if any, are necessary to effectuate such.
(e) After the decision(s) of each player have been implemented and all additional cards have been dealt, the dealer shall expose the dealer's hole card. Any additional cards authorized to be dealt to the hand of the dealer shall be dealt face up.
(f) If the dealer has a blackjack, no additional cards shall be dealt and each player's wager shall be settled.
(g) Payment of blackjack shall be made as follows:
(1) If the first face up card dealt to the dealer is a 2,3 , $4,5,6,7,8$, or 9 and a player has a blackjack, the dealer shall pay the blackjack at odds of 3 to 2 and shall remove that player's cards. If the first face up card dealt to the dealer is a king, queen, jack or 10 , the dealer shall check the dealer's hole card for an ace. If the dealer's hole card does not give the dealer a blackjack, the player having a blackjack shall be paid at odds of 3 to 2 . If the dealer's hole card gives the dealer a blackjack, the wager of the player having a blackjack shall be void and constitute a "push" or a "tie."
(2) Whenever the first card dealt to the dealer is an ace, each player shall have the right to make an insurance bet which, except as otherwise provided herein, shall win if the dealer's hole card is a king, queen, jack or 10 and shall lose if the dealer's hole card is an ace, $2,3,4,5,6,7,8$, or 9. An insurance bet may be made by placing on the insurance line of the layout an amount not more than half the amount staked on the player's initial wager. After all insurance wagers have been placed, the dealer will check the dealer's hole card for a blackjack. If the dealer has a blackjack, the dealer will collect all of the losing original wagers and pay all insurance wagers at odds of 2 to 1. The wager of a player having a blackjack shall be void and constitute a "push" or a "tie." If the dealer does not have a blackjack, the dealer will immediately collect all of the losing insurance wagers. When a player has a blackjack, the player may take even money for the player's wager instead of making an insurance wager. In such circumstances, the dealer shall pay the wager at 1 to 1 odds before checking the dealer's hole card and shall remove that player's cards.
(3) A player may elect to double down, which means to make an additional wager not in excess of the amount of the player's original wager on the first two cards dealt to the player on the condition that one and only one additional card shall be dealt to the hand on which the
player has elected to double down. If a dealer obtains a blackjack after a player doubles down, the dealer shall only collect the amount of the original wager of such player and shall not collect the additional amount wagered in doubling down. Upon a player's election to double down, the dealer shall deal the player's hand one additional card. In the alternative, if the additional card is dealt face down, such card shall be turned face upward prior to paying or taking the wager.
(h) If the initial two cards dealt to a player are identical in rank, the player may elect to split the hand into two separate hands provided that the player makes a wager equal to the player's original wager (also known as "splits pairs'"). When a player splits pairs, the dealer shall deal a card to and complete the player's decisions with respect to the first incomplete hand on the dealer's left before proceeding to deal any cards to any other hand. After a second card is dealt to each hand of the split pair, the player shall indicate his or her decision to stand or draw with respect thereto except that:
(1) A player may split pairs a maximum of three times to make a total of four hands; and
(2) A player splitting aces shall only have one card dealt to each ace and may not elect to receive additional cards.
(i) A player may elect to draw one or more additional cards whenever the player's point count total is less than 21 except that:
(1) A player electing to double down shall draw only one additional card;
(2) A player splitting aces shall only have one card dealt to each ace and may not elect to receive additional cards.
(j) A dealer shall draw additional cards to the dealer's hand until the dealer has:
(1) A hard total of $17,18,19,20$, or 21, whichever comes first; or
(2) A soft total of $18,19,20$, or 21 , whichever comes first. A dealer shall draw no additional cards to the dealer's hand, regardless of the point count, if decisions have been made on all players' hands and the point count of the dealer's hand will have no effect on the outcome of the round of play.
(k) A card drawn in error without its face being exposed shall be used as though it were the next card from the shoe.
(l) If the dealer has a hard total of 17 and accidentally draws a card for the dealer, such card shall be burned (taken out of play). (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

## 111-401-7. Name of the game; rules and regula-

 tions. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Double Deck Blackjack" beginning on or after January 1, 2012.The rules and regulations for the game of "Double Deck Blackjack" are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-7 through 111-401-12, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)
(continued)

111-401-8. Object of game. The object of the "Double Deck Blackjack" game is to have the total point value of the player's hand exceed the total point value of the dealer's hand without going over a total point value of 21. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-9. Definitions. The following definitions, when pertaining to the game of "Double Deck Blackjack," shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
(a) "A blackjack" shall mean an ace and any card having a point value of 10 dealt as the initial two cards to a player or a dealer, except that this shall not include an ace and a ten point value card dealt to a player who has split pairs.
(b) "Burn" or "burning" a card shall mean to remove a card from play.
(c) "Dealer" shall mean the person responsible for dealing the cards.
(d) "Discard rack" shall mean the receptacle into which cards are placed after each round of decisions is rendered in a game.
(e) "Hard total" shall mean the total point count of a hand which contains no aces or which contains one or more aces that are each counted as having one point in value.
(f) "Push" or "tie" shall mean the player does not lose or win the hand played.
(g) "Shoe" shall mean the receptacle into which cards are placed to be held for dealing to the players and dealer.
(h) "Soft total" shall mean the total point count of a hand containing an ace when the ace is counted as having 11 points in value. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-10. Characteristics of the game. (a) The game of Double Deck Blackjack is played on a table consisting of five to seven individual betting areas on a layout approved by the lottery.
(b) Blackjack shall be played with at least two decks of playing cards and all decks of cards shall be identical in appearance. Each deck of playing cards shall consist of 13 value cards ( $2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$, jack, queen, king, and ace) in each of four suits (hearts, spades, diamonds, and clubs). The value of the cards contained in each deck shall be as follows:
(1) Any card from 2 to 10 shall have its face value;
(2) Any jack, queen or king shall have a value of 10 ; and
(3) An ace shall have a value of 11, unless that value would give a player or the dealer a score in excess of 21, in which case it shall have a value of one. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-11. Wagers and payout odds. (a) Minimum and maximum wagers will be posted on a sign at each table.
(b) If a player has been permitted to wager less than the table minimum, the dealer will take or pay the
amount actually wagered. If a player has been permitted to wager more than the table maximum, the excess will be returned to the player and the dealer will pay the correct odds on the posted maximum amount. The player will be informed of the table minimum or maximum for subsequent wagers.
(c) A player may play two hands at double the table minimum per hand not to exceed the table maximum. A player may play three hands at five times the table minimum per hand not to exceed the table maximum. Exceptions to this rule are permitted if approved by the pit manager, casino shift manager, or higher ranking casino official.
(d) The following describes a list of permissible wagers, payout odds, and what constitutes a win, loss, or tie:
(1) Original wagers:
(A) An original wager will be made by the player prior to the first card of the hand being dealt.
(B) An additional original wager may be made as a tip for the dealer.
(C) An original wager will win if the total point value of the player's cards exceeds the total point value of the dealer's cards without exceeding a total point value of 21. In the event the player's first two cards have a total point value of 21, the player will have a blackjack.
(D) An original wager will lose if the total point value of the player's cards exceeds 21 or is lower than the total point value of the dealer's cards.
(E) An original wager will tie if the total point value of the player's cards is equivalent to the total point value of the dealer's cards. A blackjack beats a hand with a total point value of 21 that uses the point value of three or more cards.
(F) When a player's hand consists of a blackjack, the winning hand will be paid out at a rate of 3 to 2 . All winning original wagers, except hands consisting of a blackjack, will be paid out at the rate of 1 to 1 .
(2) Insurance wager:
(A) An insurance wager is a one-time wager in an amount up to one-half of the original wager that may be taken when the dealer has an ace for his up card (the first card dealt to the dealer, which card is dealt face up). An insurance wager will be made prior to the dealer looking at the hole card (the second card dealt to the dealer, which card is dealt face down).
(B) An additional insurance wager may be made as a tip for the dealer.
(C) An insurance wager will win at the rate of 2 to 1 if the dealer has a blackjack.
(D) An insurance wager will lose if the dealer does not have a blackjack.
(3) Double down wager:
(A) A double down wager is an additional wager made by the player up to the amount of the player's original wager on the condition only one additional card will be dealt to the player. This wager can be made on any hand consisting of two cards including after splitting, except that the wager may not be made after splitting aces.
(B) An additional double down wager may be made as a tip for the dealer only if the player has made an original wager for the dealer.
(C) A double down wager will win if the total point value of the player's cards exceeds the total point value of the dealer's cards without exceeding a total point value of 21.
(D) A double down bet will lose if the total point value of the player's cards exceeds 21 or is less than the total point value of the dealer's cards.
(E) A double down bet will tie ("push") if the player's hand and the dealer's hand are of equal total point value.
(F) A winning double down bet will be paid at the rate of 1 to 1 .
(4) Split wager:
(A) A split wager is an additional wager made when a player's initial two cards are of the same face value provided the player makes a wager equal to the original wager. A player may split up to three times for a total of four hands. A player may double down after splitting with the exception of after splitting aces. A player will only receive one additional card after splitting aces.
(B) A split wager will win if the total point value of the player's cards exceeds the total point value of the dealer's cards without exceeding a total point value of 21.
(C) A split bet will lose if the total point value of the player's cards exceeds 21 or is less than the total point value of the dealer's cards.
(D) A split wager will tie ("push") if the player's hand and the dealer's hand are of equal total point value.
(E) A winning split wager will be paid at the rate of 1 to 1.
(F) An additional split wager may be made as a tip for the dealer only if the player has made an original wager for the dealer.
(e) The cards in Double Deck Blackjack may be dealt face up or face down as approved by the casino pit manager, casino shift manager, or higher ranking casino official. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-12. Play. (a) Shuffling procedures:
(1) The cards will be shuffled at various times including, but not limited to, the following circumstances:
(A) when one or more new decks are put into play.
(B) after the completion of the hand in which the cut card appears.
(C) the decks have been dropped or otherwise mishandled.
(D) when instructed to do so by a table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official.
(2) The shuffle will be completed manually or a shuffling machine may be used to shuffle the cards.
(b) Card cutting procedures:
(1) Upon completion of the shuffle, the dealer will offer the decks to a player to cut. In the event players at the table fail or refuse to perform the cut, the dealer or table games supervisor will cut the cards.
(2) The deck will be cut by inserting the cut card a minimum of approximately one-fourth of a deck from either end of the stack, as determined by the dealer.
(3) Once the deck has been cut, the cards will be placed in the shoe and the dealer will remove the cut card from the deck and insert the cut card approximately 52 cards
from the back of the cards contained in the shoe, as determined by the dealer, unless otherwise instructed by the table games supervisor, pit manager, or higher ranking casino official.
(c) Dealing and taking cards:
(1) All original wagers must be made before the first card is dealt.
(2) Cards are distributed to the players one at a time from left to right. The dealer distributes one card to the dealer face up before continuing. The dealer deals a second card to each player, one at a time from left to right and deals a second card to the dealer face down directly under the up card (the card dealt to the dealer face up).
(3) Beginning with the first player position to the left of the dealer, each player will indicate whether he or she wishes to stand (take no more cards) or hit (take one or more additional cards). A player will indicate that he or she wants a hit by making a clearly visible scratching motion or signal. Cards will continue being distributed face up to the players, one at a time, receiving an additional signal from the player after each card, until the player indicates his or her desire to stand or the player's hand exceeds a total of 21 , whichever comes first. To indicate a player's wish to stand, a player should motion slightly with his or her hands palm down toward the dealer or tuck their cards under their wager to indicate a stand.
(4) A player will turn the player's cards face up if the player wishes to double down. Splitting will also be indicated by the player turning the player's cards face up.
(5) After all of the players have stood or busted (the total point value of the player's hand exceeds 21), the dealer's hole card will be turned face up announcing the total point value of the two cards. If any player's hand is still being played, the dealer will hit if the dealers cards have a total point value of 16 or less or a soft 17 hand. The dealer will stand on a hard 17 hand or higher total point value. A "soft 17" hand contains an ace that is being counted as 11 points. A "hard 17 " hand does not contain an ace that is being counted as 11 points.
(6) Winning wagers will be paid and losing wagers will be collected beginning on the right and working toward the left.
(7) On a player's losing hand, the dealer will remove the chips and pick up the cards for placement into the discard rack.
(8) At the conclusion of the round, and if not already turned over, the dealer will turn over each player's cards from right to left and pay or take the player's wager.
(9) All cards remaining on the layout will be picked up by the dealer from right to left.
(10) There will be no mid-shoe entry by a player (entry into the game before the cards are reshuffled and cut or new decks put into play). Once the first hand of a new shoe is dealt, no new players may play a hand until the shoe is completed, the decks are shuffled and cut, and play from a new shoe begins. If a player refrains from placing a bet for one hand or more hands, the player will not be allowed to place a bet until the commencement of a new shoe. Exceptions to this rule may be permitted if approved by the pit manager, the casino shift manager, or higher ranking casino official.
(continued)
(d) Burning cards:
(1) Dealers will burn one card after completion of the shuffle; and,
(2) Dealers will burn one card upon entering a game. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-13. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Texas Hold'em Poker" beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

The rules and regulations for the game of "Texas Hold'em Poker' are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-13 through 111-401-18, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-14. Object of game. Texas Hold'em Poker is played at a large table with a maximum number of 11 players using one deck of playing cards. The object of the game is for a player to either:
(a) create a five-card poker hand of a higher rank than the poker hand of all other players, with each player utilizing any combination of the two cards dealt to them and the five community cards available for use by all players; or
(b) remain the only player in the hand after all other players have folded (surrendered their hand). (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-912, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-15. Definitions. The following definitions, when used in the Northeast Kansas Lottery Gaming Zone and pertaining to the game of Texas Hold'em Poker, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
(a) "All in" means when a player who has no funds remaining on the poker table to continue betting in a round of play still retains the right to contend for that portion of the pot in which the player has already placed a bet.
(b) "Ante" means a predetermined wager, which a player may be required to make prior to any cards being dealt in order to participate in the round of play.
(c) "Bet" or "wager" means an action by which a player places gaming chips into the pot on any betting round.
(d) "Betting round" means a complete wagering cycle in a hand of poker.
(e) "Blind bet" means a forced bet that only players sitting in specific betting positions at the poker table shall be required to place prior to looking at any cards.
(f) "Burn a card" means to remove a card from the top of a deck, which is discarded face down, which card is not in play and the identity of which remains unknown.
(g) "Button" or "dealer button" means an object, which is moved clockwise around the table after each hand is complete to denote an imaginary dealer and thereby determine the betting and dealing sequence.
(h) "Call" means a wager made in an amount equal to the immediately preceding wager.
(i) "Check" means when a player waives the right to initiate the betting in a betting round but retains the right to act if another player initiates the betting.
(j) "Collection" means another name for the rake collected by the house, which may be a specified amount charged to each player or as a percentage of the pot for each hand.
(k) "Community cards" means cards which are dealt face upward and which can be used by all players to form their best hand.
(l) "Cut" means to divide a deck of playing cards into two parts in order to change the order of the cards without revealing the identity of any cards in the deck.
(m) "Deck" means a standard collection of 52 playing cards with the following 13 cards in each of four suits: 2, $3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$, jack, queen, king, and ace.
(n) "Face card" is a king, queen, or jack.
(o) "Flop" means the first three community cards dealt during a hand.
(p) "Fold" means the withdrawal of a player from a round of play by discarding his hand of cards during a betting round and refusing to equal a wager.
(q) "Forced bet" means a wager, which is required to start the wagering on the first betting round.
(r) "Hand" means one of two things, depending upon the context in which the term is used:
(1) the cards available to a player to use; or
(2) a complete round of play from the first ante or blind bet until the pot is awarded to a player.
(s) "Hole cards" means any cards dealt to a player face down, which are also "pocket cards," "in the hole," or "in the pocket."
$(t)$ "Opening bet" means the first bet by each player in a round of play.
(u) "Pot" or "kitty" means the amount that is awarded to the winning player or players at the conclusion of a round of play and is equal to the total amount wagered by the players during the round of play minus any rake.
(v) "Raise" means a bet in an amount greater than the immediately preceding bet in that betting round.
(w) "Rake" means the amount of gaming chips collected on each hand by the dealer representing the predetermined amount to be included in net gaming revenue.
(x) "Round of plays" means the process by which cards are dealt, bets are placed and the winner of the pot is determined and paid in accordance with the rules of this game.
(y) "Suit" means one of the following four categories of cards: diamonds, spades, clubs, or hearts.
(z) "Table stakes" means the gaming chips on the table, which are in play. A player may not add or subtract from his or her gaming chips at any time during a betting round of play.
(aa) "Up-cards" means any card dealt face up to a player or as community cards. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-16. Poker hand rankings. (a) The rank of the cards used in Texas Hold'em for the determination of winning hands, in order of highest to lowest rank, shall
be: ace, king, queen, jack, $10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3$, and 2 . All suits shall be considered equal in rank. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an ace may be used to complete a "straight flush" or a "straight" formed with a $2,3,4$, and 5.
(b) The permissible poker hands in order of highest to lowest rank, shall be:
(1) "Royal flush" is a hand consisting of an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 of the same suit;
(2) "Straight flush" is a hand consisting of five cards of the same suit in consecutive ranking, with king, queen, jack, 10, and 9 being the highest ranking straight flush and ace, $2,3,4$, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight flush;
(3) "Four-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of four cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with four aces being the highest ranking four-of-a-kind and four 2 s being the lowest ranking four-of-a-kind;
(4) "Full house" is a hand consisting of "three-of-akind" and a "pair," with three aces and two kings being the highest ranking full house and three twos and two 3s being the lowest ranking full house;
(5) "Flush" is a hand consisting of five cards of the same suit;
(6) "Straight" is a hand consisting of five cards of consecutive rank, regardless of suit with an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 being the highest ranking straight and an ace, $2,3,4$, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight, provided that an ace may not be combined with any other sequence of cards for purposes of determining a winning hand, (for example, queen, king, ace, 2,3 );
(7) "Three-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of three cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with three aces being the highest ranking three-of-a-kind and three 2 s being the lowest ranking three-of-a-kind;
(8) "Two pair" is a hand consisting of two "pairs," with two aces and two kings being the highest ranking two pair and two 3 s and two 2 s being the lowest ranking two pair; and
(9) "One pair" is a hand consisting of two cards of the same rank, regardless of suit with two aces being the highest ranking pair and two 2 s being the lowest ranking pair;
(10) "High hand" is, when comparing two hands that are of otherwise identical poker rank, the hand with the highest-ranking card.
(c) When comparing two hands, if none of the above poker rankings are contained in a ranking hand, the hand with the highest-ranking card shall be considered the higher hand.
(d) If, after all five cards are compared and the hands are identical, they shall be considered a tie and the pot split equally among those players that are tied. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-912, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-17. Wagers. (a) Only players who are seated at the poker table shall be permitted to receive cards and participate in each betting round.
(b) Depending upon the predetermined option for the poker game being dealt, a player may be required to:
(1) Place a predetermined ante prior to receiving any cards; or
(2) Place a predetermined blind bet prior to receiving any cards.
(c) A player may only participate in the wagering during a round of play with the table stakes gaming chips, which were already placed on the poker table in front of that player when the round of play commenced.
(d) A player may only add to his or her gaming chips between rounds of play and may not remove any of his gaming chips from the poker table at any time during ongoing play.
(e) A player who depletes his or her gaming chips on the poker table prior to the completion of a round of play shall be deemed to be "all-in."
(f) An "all-in" player shall retain financial interest in the outcome of the round of play, but shall only be eligible to win the amount of the pot to which he contributed.
(g) An "all-in" player shall continue to receive any cards to which he would normally be entitled.
(h) Betting shall continue unimpeded among the other players by generating a separate secondary pot that only those active players shall be eligible to win.
(i) Unless otherwise determined by the poker supervisor or higher ranking casino official, a verbal statement of "fold" (surrender the hand), "check" (take no action), "call" (meet the raise of one or more players who bet prior to the player), "raise" (increase the bet of one or more players who bet prior to the player), or an announcement of a specific size wager by a player, assuming it is within the rules herein and the minimum and maximum wager limits for the poker table, is binding on the player if it is that player's turn to act. If a player verbally acts out of turn the action verbally stated by the player is binding unless otherwise determined by the poker supervisor or higher ranking casino official.
(j) A player who announces a bet or raise of a certain amount but places a different amount of gaming chips in the pot shall be required to correct his or her bet or raise to the announced amount in accordance with the instructions of the dealer.
(k) A player shall be considered to have placed a wager if the player:
(1) Pushes or otherwise moves gaming chips forward to indicate the intent of placing a wager;
(2) Releases gaming chips into the pot; or
(3) Releases gaming chips at a sufficient distance from the player and towards the pot to make it obvious that it is intended as a wager.
(l) A player shall not be permitted to make a wager and thereafter attempt to increase the amount of that wager.
(m) If the player wishes to add additional gaming chips to a wager, the player must indicate at the time the wager is being made that the wager is not yet complete.
(n) A player who puts the proper amount of gaming chips into the pot to call a wager, without indicating his or her intention to raise, may not thereafter raise the previous wager.
(o) No player may touch any of the gaming chips once placed into the pot until a decision on the hand has been made.
(continued)
(p) Unless a raise has been verbally announced by that player, a player who puts into the pot a single gaming chip that is larger than required is assumed to have only called the preceding wager and to be awaiting change from the dealer.
(q) Unless specifically posted at the gaming table to the contrary, a player shall be permitted to raise after the player has previously checked in a betting round. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-18. Play. (a) Prior to dealing the cards, working clockwise the dealer will place the "dealer button" (a round disc or other similar object) in front of the first player to the left of the dealer. Placement of the dealer button shall rotate clockwise each hand to the next player. The player who has the dealer button each hand must post a small blind bet and the player to the immediate left of the player posting a small blind bet must post a big blind bet, each bet in the respective amounts as posted at the gaming table. This constitutes the initial betting action.
(b) The dealer must deal two cards one at a time face down to each player. The first player to receive a card is the player in the first player position clockwise from the player assigned the button. The last player to receive cards is the player assigned the button.
(c) After each player receives two cards there is a first round of betting. The player to the left of the player placing the big blind bet may call, raise, or fold and each player following in order shall have the same option to call, raise, or fold.
(d) After the first round of betting is complete the dealer will burn one card and deal three community cards from the deck. Each card will be dealt face up and placed in the center of the table. Community cards are common to the hand of every active player in the hand.
(e) Following the flop, a second round of betting occurs. The player in the first position clockwise from the player assigned the button shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(f) The dealer will burn another card on top of the first burn card. Following the burn card, the dealer then deals another community card face up in the center of the table.
(g) A third round of betting occurs. The player in the first position clockwise from the player assigned the button shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(h) Following the third round of betting the dealer will burn a third card. The dealer then deals the fifth and final community card and places it face up in the center of table and the final betting round is conducted. The player in the first position clockwise from the player assigned the button shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(i) Upon the completion of the final betting round, the cards belonging to each active player are turned face-up and the highest ranking five-card poker hand wins the pot, unless there is a tie, in which case the pot is split equally between the active players holding tied hands. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748;
implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-19. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Ultimate Texas Hold'em Poker" beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

The rules and regulations for the game of "Ultimate Texas Hold'em Poker" are contained in K.A.R. 111-40119 through 111-401-25, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-20. Object of game. Ultimate Texas Hold'em Poker is a poker-based game between the player and the dealer, in which one or more players have multiple wager options. Players are dealt two cards and use the five community cards to make the highest ranking poker hand possible. Ultimate Texas Hold'em is played with one deck of 52 cards, the back of which cards shall all be identical in appearance. Each deck of playing cards shall consist of 13 value cards (ace, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, jack, queen, and king) in each of four suits (hearts, spades, diamonds, and clubs). (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. $74-8710$ and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-21. Definitions. The following words and terms, when used in the Northeast Kansas Lottery Gaming Zone and pertaining to the game of Ultimate Texas Hold'em Poker, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
(a) "Ante" or "ante wager" means an initial wager, separate from but equal in amount to the player's blind wager, required to be made prior to any cards being dealt in order to participate in the round of play.
(b) "Blind" or "blind wager" means an initial wager, separate from but equal in amount to the player's ante, required to be made prior to any cards being dealt in order to participate in the round of play.
(c) "Burn" means to remove the top or next card from the deck and place it face down in the discard rack without revealing it to anyone.
(d) "Check" means that the player waives the right to place a play wager but remains in the round of play.
(e) "Community card" means any of the five cards dealt face up in the center of the table, all of which may be used by each player and the dealer together with his or her own two cards to form the best possible five-card poker hand.
(f) "Flop" means the first three community cards dealt face up in the area designated for the placement of the community cards.
(g) "Fold" means the withdrawal of a player from a round of play by discarding his or her two cards and not making a play wager.
(h) "Hand" or "poker hand" means the highest ranking five-card hand that can be formed from the five community cards and the two cards dealt to the dealer or a player.
(i) "Play wager" means a wager made after two cards have been dealt to each player and the dealer, which wager can be made before the flop is dealt, after the flop is dealt but before the final two community cards are dealt, or after the final two community cards are dealt but before the dealer reveals his or her two cards.
(j) "Push" means a tie or draw, and occurs if the player's five-card hand and the dealer's five-card hand are of equal rank. In a push, the dealer shall not take or pay the player's ante, blind, or play wagers.
(k) "Rank" or "ranking" means the relative position of a card or group of cards as set forth in K.A.R. 111-401-22, "Ultimate Texas Hold'em hand rankings."
(l) "Round of play" or "round" means one complete cycle of play during which all players playing at the table have been dealt a hand, have folded or wagered upon it, and have had their wagers paid or collected.
(m) "Stub" means the remaining portion of the deck after all cards in the round of play have been dealt.
(n) "Suit" means one of the four categories of cards: club, diamond, heart, or spade, with no suit being higher in rank than another.
(o) "Trips wager" means an optional wager that a player may make prior to any cards being dealt that the player's best five-card hand will be a three-of-a-kind or better, with a winning trips wager being paid in accordance with a posted pay table regardless of the outcome of the player's hand against the dealer's hand. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-912, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-22. Ultimate Texas Hold'em hand rankings. (a) The rank of the cards used in Ultimate Texas Hold'em, for the determination of winning hands, in order of highest to lowest rank, shall be: ace, king, queen, jack, $10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3$, and 2 . All suits shall be considered equal in rank. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an ace may be used to complete a "straight flush" or a "straight" formed with a $2,3,4$, and 5 .
(b) The permissible poker hands at the game of Ultimate Texas Hold'em, in order of highest to lowest rank, shall be:
(1) "Royal flush" is a hand consisting of an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 of the same suit;
(2) "Straight flush" is a hand consisting of five cards of the same suit in consecutive ranking, with ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 being the highest ranking five-card straight flush and ace, $2,3,4$, and 5 being the lowest ranking five-card straight flush, provided that an ace may not be combined with any other sequence of cards for purposes of determining a winning hand (for example, queen, king, ace, 2, 3);
(3) "Four-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of four cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with four aces being the highest ranking four-of-a-kind and four 2 s being the lowest ranking four-of-a-kind;
(4) "Full house" is a hand consisting of "three-of-akind" and a "pair," with the three aces and two kings being the highest ranking full house and three 2 s and two 3 s being the lowest ranking full house;
(5) "Flush" is a hand consisting of five cards of the same suit, not in consecutive order, with ace, king, queen,
jack, and 9 being the highest ranking flush and $2,3,4,5$, and 7 being the lowest flush;
(6) "Straight" is a hand consisting of five unsuited cards of consecutive rank, with an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 being the highest ranking straight and an ace, 2, 3,4 , and 5 being the lowest ranking straight, provided that an ace may not be combined with any other sequence of cards for purposes of determining a winning hand, (for example, queen, king, ace, 2, 3);
(7) "Three-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of three cards of the same rank, with three aces being the highest ranking three-of-a-kind and three 2s being the lowest ranking three-of-a-kind;
(8) "Two pairs" is a hand consisting of two "pairs," with two aces and two kings being the highest ranking two pair and two 3 s and two 2 s being the lowest ranking two pair; and
(9) "One pair" is a hand consisting of two cards of the same rank, with two aces being the highest ranking pair and two 2 s being the lowest ranking pair;
(c) When comparing two hands which are of identical poker rank as described herein as "permissible poker hands," or which contain none of the hands authorized in this section, the hand that contains the highest ranking card as provided in (a) above which is not contained in the other hand shall be considered the higher ranking hand. If the hands are of identical rank after the application of this section, the hands shall be considered a push. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-23. Wagers. (a) All wagers at Ultimate Texas Hold'em shall be made by placing gaming chips or, if applicable, a match play coupon on the appropriate betting areas of the table layout. A verbal wager accompanied by cash shall not be accepted. A "match play coupon" is a printed promotional item issued to a player at the option of the manager, which coupon can be used in lieu of gaming chips in the dollar amount indicated on the face of the coupon.
(b) All ante, blind, and trips wagers shall be placed prior to the dealer dealing the hand. Except for a "play wager," no wager shall be made, increased, or withdrawn after the dealer begins to deal the hand.
(c) Upon placing an ante wager and a blind wager, a player may also place a trips wager by placing a wager on the designated betting area of the layout. The outcome of the trips wager shall have no bearing on any other wager made by the player at the game of Ultimate Texas Hold'em.
(d) Play wagers shall be made in accordance with the provisions set forth in these rules.
(e) Only players who are seated at the Ultimate Texas Hold'em poker table may place a wager at the game. Once a player has placed a wager and received cards, that player must remain seated until the completion of the round of play.
(f) A player shall not be permitted to wager on more than one player position at an Ultimate Texas Hold'em table. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-
(continued)

8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-24. Play. (a) All wagers at Ultimate Texas Hold'em are made by placing gaming chips on the appropriate betting areas of the layout. Prior to the first card being dealt, each player will make a wager, which is placed in the box marked "Ante," and an equal bet on the section marked "Blind." Each player has the option of wagering on the trips bet, which must also be placed before the first card is dealt. Five community cards will be dealt face down directly in front of the dealer, and each patron and the dealer will receive two face down cards. Players now have a choice to check and do nothing or make a play bet of three or four times their ante. Once a player bets, they cannot bet again and they cannot change their bet. The dealer then turns the first three community cards face up. The players that have not yet made the play bet have another choice to check and do nothing or to make a play bet of two times their ante. The dealer then will turn the final two community cards face up. Players again that have not made a play bet have a choice to fold or to bet a play bet equal to their ante. The dealer then reveals his two hole cards and announces the best fivecard hand. The dealer needs a pair or higher hand to qualify. Minimum and maximum wagers are posted at each table and are determined by supervisory casino operations personnel.
(b) If a player places a play wager, the wager shall be placed in the designated play betting area.
(c) After the flop has been dealt, the dealer shall, starting with the player farthest to his or her left and proceeding in a clockwise manner around the table, ask each player who has not placed a play wager if he or she wishes to place a play wager prior to the dealing of the final two community cards. The player may either check or place a play wager in an amount equal to two times the amount of the player's ante wager.
(d) If a player places a play wager, the wager shall be placed in the designated play betting area.
(e) If a player checks (takes no action), the player shall remain in the game and defer his or her decision to place a play wager to the next betting opportunity.
(f) Once all players have either placed a play wager or checked, the dealer shall then turn over the next two community cards and place them in the designated area for the community cards.
(g) After the final two community cards have been dealt, the dealer shall, starting with the player farthest to his or her left and proceeding in a clockwise manner around the table, ask each player who has not yet placed a play wager whether he or she wishes to fold his or her hand or place a play wager equal in amount to his or her ante wager.
(h) If a player places a play wager, the wager shall be placed in the designated play betting area.
(i) If a player folds, the ante and blind wagers of the player shall be collected by the dealer and placed in the table inventory container.
(j) If the player has also placed a trips wager on the designated area of the table game layout, the dealer shall place the cards of the player face down underneath the
player's trips wager pending its resolution at the conclusion of the round of play.
(k) If the player has not placed a trips wager, the dealer shall immediately spread the cards of the folded hand face down and place them in a discard rack.
(l) After each player has either folded or placed a play wager, the dealer shall then turn his or her two cards face up, position his or her cards near the three community cards that can be used to form the best possible five-card hand and announce the dealer's hand to the players.
(m) If the dealer's best possible five-card hand is lower than a pair, the dealer shall, starting with the player farthest to the dealer's right who has placed a play wager and proceeding in a counterclockwise manner around the table, return each player's ante wager and resolve all other wagers in accordance with subsection (q) below.
(n) If the dealer's best possible five-card hand is a pair or above, the dealer shall, starting with the player farthest to the dealer's right who has placed a play wager and proceeding in a counterclockwise manner around the table, turn the two cards of each player who has placed a play wager face up and announce the best possible fivecard poker hand that can be formed using the player's two cards and the five community cards. The wagers of each player shall be resolved one player at a time regardless of outcome. After all wagers placed by a player are settled, the player's cards shall then be immediately collected by the dealer and placed in the discard rack.
(o) If the player's five-card hand is ranked lower than the dealer's five-card hand, the player shall lose and the dealer shall immediately collect any ante, blind and play wagers made by the player and place the wagers in the table inventory container.
(p) If the player's five-card hand is ranked higher than the dealer's five-card hand, the player shall win and the dealer shall pay any ante, blind and play wagers made by the player in accordance with the payout odds set forth below in the section "payout odds"; provided that the blind wager shall not be paid unless the player's winning hand has a rank of straight or higher.
(q) If the player's five-card hand and the dealer's fivecard hand are of equal rank, the player's hand shall be a push. In such case, the dealer shall not collect or pay the player's ante, blind, or play wagers.
(r) After settling a player's ante, blind, and play wagers, the dealer shall settle any trips wager made by the player by determining whether the player's five-card hand qualifies for a payout in accordance with K.A.R. 111-401-25. A winning trips wager shall be paid without regard to the outcome of any other wager made by the player. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-25. Payout odds. (a) A lottery gaming facility manager shall pay each winning ante and play wager at odds of 1 to 1 .
(b) If a player's five-card hand ranks higher than the dealer's five-card hand, the lottery gaming facility manager shall pay the player's blind wager in accordance with the following odds:

Player's Five-Card Hand
Royal flush
Straight flush
Four-of-a-kind
Full house
Flush
Straight
Less than a straight

Payout Odds
500 to 1*
50 to $1^{*}$
10 to $1^{*}$
3 to $1^{*}$
3 to $2^{*}$
1 to $1^{*}$
Push
*This does not include the return of the player's original bet.
(c) The lottery gaming facility manager shall pay each winning trips wager at no less than the odds set forth in the alternative pay table set forth below that is implemented by the lottery gaming facility manager as approved by the executive director of the Kansas lottery:

| Hand | Paytable A | Paytable B | Paytable C | Paytable D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Royal flush | 50 to 1 | 50 to 1 | 50 to 1 | 50 to 1 |
| Straight flush | 40 to 1 | 40 to 1 | 40 to 1 | 40 to 1 |
| Four-of-a-kind | 30 to 1 | 30 to 1 | 30 to 1 | 20 to 1 |
| Full house | 9 to 1 | 8 to 1 | 8 to 1 | 7 to 1 |
| Flush | 7 to 1 | 6 to 1 | 7 to 1 | 6 to 1 |
| Straight | 4 to 1 | 5 to 1 | 4 to 1 | 5 to 1 |
| Three-of-a-kind | 3 to 1 | 3 to 1 | 3 to 1 | 3 to 1 |

*The payouts listed above do not include the return of the player's original bet. The trips bets are paid as each hand decision is made.
(d) The following rules regarding irregularities shall apply:
(1) If any card dealt to the dealer in Ultimate Texas Hold'em is exposed prior to each player having either folded or placed a play wager, all hands shall be void.
(2) If any card is found face up in the shoe or the deck during the dealing of the cards, all hands shall be void and the cards shall be reshuffled.
(3) If a player is dealt an incorrect number of cards, all players' hands shall be voided. If the dealer is dealt an incorrect number of cards, all players' hands shall be void.
(4) If an automated card shuffling device is being used and the device jams, stops shuffling during a shuffle, or fails to complete a shuffle cycle, the cards shall be reshuffled.
(5) If an automated dealing shoe is being used and the device jams, stops dealing cards, or fails to deal cards during a round of play, the round of play shall be void and the cards shall be removed from the device and reshuffled with any cards already dealt, in accordance with procedures approved by the Kansas lottery commission.
(6) Any automated card shuffling device or automated dealing shoe shall be removed from a gaming table before any other method of shuffling or dealing may be utilized at that table. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-26. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Ultimate Texas Hold’em Progressive," beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

The rules and regulations for the game of "Ultimate Texas Hold'em Progressive" are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-26 through 111-401-33, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by
K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-27. Object of game. The object of Ultimate Texas Hold'em Progressive is to make the best possible five card poker hand. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. $74-8710$ and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-28. Method of play. (a) Ultimate Texas Hold'em Progressive is played with a standard deck of 52 cards, no jokers, with backs the same color and design. A standard deck of playing cards consists of a $2,3,4,5$, $6,7,8,9,10$, jack, queen, king, and ace in each of four suits: hearts, diamonds, spades, and clubs.
(b) Hands will be ranked from highest to lowest as follows:
(1) Royal flush - consisting of an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 of the same suit.
(2) Straight flush - consisting of five cards of the same suit in consecutive ranking with king, queen, jack, 10, and 9 being the highest straight flush and ace, 2, 3, 4, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight flush.
(3) Four-of-a-kind - consisting of four cards of the same rank, with four aces being the highest ranking four-of-a-kind and four 2 s being the lowest ranking four-of-akind.
(4) Full house - consisting of three-of-a-kind plus an additional pair, with three aces and two kings being the highest ranking full house and three 2 s and two 3 s being the lowest ranking full house.
(5) Flush - consisting of five cards of the same suit not in sequence with ace, king, queen, jack, and 9 being the highest ranking flush and $7,5,4,3$, and 2 being the lowest ranking flush.
(6) Straight - consisting of five cards of consecutive rank, regardless of suit with an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 being the highest ranking straight and ace, $2,3,4$, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight.
(7) Three-of-a-kind - consisting of three cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with three aces being the highest ranking three-of-a-kind and three 2 s being the lowest ranking three-of-a-kind.
(8) Two pair - consisting of two pair of cards of the same rank with two aces and two kings being the highest ranking two pair and two 3 s and two 2 s being the lowest ranking two pair.
(9) One pair - consisting of two cards of the same rank, regardless of suit, with two aces being the highest ranking pair and two 2 s being the lowest ranking pair.
(10) High card - the highest ranking card in a five card hand not containing any of the above-listed combinations. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-29. Physical characteristics, gaming equipment, and table. (a) The game of Ultimate Texas Hold'em Progressive is played on a table with a layout approved by the lottery containing five to seven betting areas.
(continued)
(b) Each betting area will contain:
(1) An area for an ante wager,
(2) An area for a blind wager,
(3) An area for a play wager,
(4) An area for a trips wager,
(5) An area for a progressive wager. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-30. Wagers and payout odds. (a) Minimum and maximum wagers will be posted on a sign at each table.
(b) Maximum table payouts, if any, will be posted at each table and will not be less than the maximum bet times the maximum odds.
(c) If a player has been permitted to wager less than the table minimum, the dealer will take or pay the amount actually wagered. If a player has been permitted to wager more than the table maximum, the excess will be returned to the player and the player will be paid at the correct odds on the correct wager. The player will be informed of the table minimum and maximum for subsequent wagers.
(d) The following describes a list of the permissible wagers, payout odds, and what constitutes a win, loss, or tie:
(1) Ante wager:
(A) Wager placed by a player prior to receiving his or her initial two cards in the area designated for the ante.
(B) Winning ante wagers will be paid 1 to 1 .
(C) The ante wager will win if the dealer's hand contains a pair or higher and the player's hand consists of any combination of cards ranking higher than the dealer's hand.
(D) The ante wager will lose if:
(i) The player forfeits, or
(ii) The dealer's hand contains a pair or higher and the player's hand consists of any combination of cards ranking lower than the dealer's hand.
(E) The ante wager will push or tie if:
(i) The dealer's hand does not contain a pair or higher, or
(ii) The player's hand is equivalent to the dealer's hand.
(F) An additional ante wager may be made as a tip for the dealer.
(2) Blind wager:
(A) Wager placed by a player prior to receiving his initial two cards in area designated for the blind. The blind wager must be equal to the ante wager.
(B) Winning blind wagers will be paid as follows:
(i) Royal flush, 500 to 1 ;
(ii) Straight flush, 50 to 1 ;
(iii) Four-of-a-kind, 10 to 1;
(iv) Full house, 3 to 1;
(v) Flush, 3 to 2;
(vi) Straight, 1 to 1.
(C) The blind wager will win if the player's hand consists of any combination of cards ranking higher than the dealer's hand and consists of a straight or higher.
(D) The blind wager will lose if:
(i) The player forfeits (folds), or
(ii) The player's hand consists of any combination of cards ranking lower than the dealer's hand.
(E) The blind wager will push or tie if:
(i) The player's hand is equivalent to the dealer's hand, or
(ii) The player's hand beats the dealer's hand but does not consist of a straight or higher.
(F) An additional blind wager may be made as a tip for the dealer.
(3) Play wager:
(A) An additional optional wager placed by a player in area designated for the play. A player must have an ante wager and a blind wager to place a play wager. The amount of the play wager must be three or four times the ante if betting before the flop (the first three community cards) is exposed. The amount of the play wager must be two times the ante if betting after the flop but before the remaining community cards are exposed. The amount of the play wager must be one times the ante if betting after all community cards have been exposed.
(B) Winning play wagers will be paid 1 to 1.
(C) The play wager will win if the player's hand consists of any combination of cards ranking higher than the dealer's hand.
(D) The play wager will lose if the player's hand consists of a combination of cards ranking lower than the dealer's hand.
(E) The play wager will tie or push if the player's hand consists of a combination of cards equivalent to the dealer's hand.
(F) An additional play wager may be made as a tip for the dealer if the dealer has an ante wager and a blind wager.
(4) Trips wager:
(A) An optional wager placed by a player prior to the player receiving his initial two cards in an area designated for the trips. In order to place a trips wager, a player must also have placed an ante wager and a blind wager.
(B) Winning trips wagers will be paid as follows:
(i) Royal flush, 50 to 1;
(ii) Straight flush, 40 to 1 ;
(iii) Four-of-a-kind, 30 to 1;
(iv) Full house, 8 to 1;
(v) Flush, 7 to 1;
(vi) Straight, 4 to 1 ;
(vii) Three-of-a-kind, 3 to 1.
(C) The trips wagers will lose if the player's best five card poker hand is any combination of cards not listed above.
(D) An additional trips wager may be made as a tip for the dealer.
(5) Progressive wager:
(A) Players may participate in the optional progressive jackpot by placing a $\$ 1$ chip in the designated area. The progressive bet is considered a side wager and the dealer's hand has no bearing on the progressive bet's outcome. The player must have an ante wager to make a progressive bet.
(B) The progressive jackpot will be comprised of a base amount of \$10,000.
(C) The amount of the progressive jackpot will be displayed in a manner visible to players.
(D) Winning progressive bets will be paid at the rate of:
(i) If the player's hand consists of three-of-a-kind, 9 to 1.
(ii) If the players hand consists of a straight, 30 to 1 .
(iii) If the player's hand consists of a flush, 40 to 1 .
(iv) If the player's hand consists of a full house, 50 to 1;
(v) If the player's hand consists of four-of-a-kind, 300 to 1 ;
(vi) If the player's hand consists of a straight flush, $10 \%$ of the progressive jackpot;
(vii) If the player's hand consists of a royal flush, $100 \%$ of the progressive jackpot.
(E) A progressive bet will win if the player's hand consists of a three-of-a-kind, straight, flush, full house, four-of-a-kind, straight flush, or a royal flush.
(6) Winning progressive bets will be paid in the following manner:
(A) If the winning hand consists of a three-of-a-kind, straight, flush, or a full house, the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will verify the winning hand and will verify the progressive bet was made, and direct the dealer to make the appropriate payout.
(B) If the winning hand consists of four-of-a-kind, straight flush, or a royal flush, the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will verify the winning hand and will verify the progressive bet was made. The table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will notify the table games pit manager. Surveillance will also be notified to verify the winning hand. Upon completion of the notifications and verification of the winning hand as set forth herein, the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official shall direct the appropriate payout to be made to the player holding the winning hand.
(i) The dealer will verify the deck of cards by counting down and sorting the remaining cards by suit.
(ii) Once the jackpot has been deducted from the progressive jackpot for the winning hand of a straight flush or royal flush, new cards will be placed on the table and play will resume.
(iii) In the case of a royal flush, the meter will reset to an amount equal to the sum of $\$ 10,000$.
(iv) In the event of multiple winning progressive hands consisting of Straight Flush or Royal Flush, the jackpot will be determined by whoever received their hand first according to the time on surveillance video at the lottery gaming facility.
(C) A progressive bet will lose if the player's hand consists of any combination of cards other than a three-of-akind, straight, flush, full house, four-of-a-kind, straight flush, or a royal flush.
(7) Envy bonus:
(A) Players who wager $\$ 1$ on the progressive bet qualify for the envy bonus.
(i) Only the seated player for a position qualifies for the envy bonus.
(ii) If two players have an envy bonus jackpot, the players are paid on both hands.
(iii) The dealer's hand never qualifies for the envy bonus.
(iv) The position which contains the qualifying envy bonus hand (royal flush or straight flush) cannot win the envy bonus.
(B) The envy bonus payouts are as follows:
(i) Royal flush, $\$ 1,000$;
(ii) Straight flush, \$300. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-31. Shuffling and cutting cards. (a) Shuffling procedures:
(1) A shuffling machine may be used. When a shuffling machine is used, the dealer may be required to mix the cards prior to placing them into the shuffling machine.
(2) In the event a shuffling machine is not used, the dealer will place the cards in the dealer's work area and separate the deck into two stacks. The dealer will mix the two stacks.
(b) After a manual shuffle, the dealer sets the whole deck flat on the layout in front of the chip area to cut the deck. The dealer will take approximately one-half of the cards from the deck and place them on top of the cut card. The dealer will then place the remaining portion of the deck on top of the other cards.
(c) Dealing and taking of cards:
(1) Placement of cards:
(A) Cards will be dealt beginning with the five community cards (the cards available for use by all players) first. Then starting with the leftmost player and continuing clockwise the dealer will distribute to all players and the dealer two cards at a time until each player and the dealer receives two cards face down with the dealer receiving his or her two cards last.
(B) After the player receives the player's two-card hand and before the dealer reveals the flop (the first three community cards), the player may choose to:
(i) Check by not placing an additional play wager, or
(ii) Bet by placing a play wager equal to three or four times the amount of his or her ante wager on the area designated for the play.
(C) After all players have either checked or placed a play wager, the dealer will reveal the flop.
(D) After the flop cards have been exposed, each player who has not already placed a play wager may choose to:
(i) Check by not placing an additional play wager, or
(ii) Bet by placing an additional play wager equal to two times the ante wager in the area designated for the play.
(E) After all players have either checked or placed a play wager, the dealer will reveal the remaining two community cards.
(F) After all community cards have been exposed, each player who has not already placed a play wager may choose to:
(i) Fold by discarding his two card hand and forfeiting the ante wager and blind wager, or
(ii) Bet by placing an additional play wager equal to the ante wager in the area designated for the play.
(2) Taking of cards:
(A) Prior to the dealer exposing any cards, cards will be collected from players who forfeit.
(continued)
(B) After the dealer exposes his or her hand, the dealer will expose the hand of each player starting with the rightmost player, one at a time. The dealer will pay each winning wager, collect each losing wager, or indicate a push (tie) for each wager placed by the player and collect the player's cards.
(3) In the event that a shuffling machine is not used, hands will be distributed to players as follows:
(A) The hands will be distributed from left to right with each player limited to a single hand.
(B) The initial two cards will be dealt one at a time face down beginning with the leftmost player clockwise to all players and the dealer until each player and the dealer receives two cards.
(C) After the dealer and all players have been dealt two cards, the dealer will deal five community cards which will be placed in the center of the dealer's working area.
(d) After the community cards, all positions with a wager and the dealer are dealt a hand, the remaining cards will be burned (removed from play). (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-32. Collection and payout of bets. (a) Losing bets will be collected beginning at the rightmost player position. The dealer will expose the player's hand and in the event of a loss the dealer will collect the wagers and the cards.
(b) Winning bets will be paid beginning at the rightmost player position. The dealer will expose the player's hand. In the event of a win, the dealer will pay winning hands and collect the cards. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. $74-8710$ and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-33. Irregularities of the game. (a) An exposed card does not necessarily constitute a misdeal. The dealer, upon direction from the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official, may turn the card over and continue dealing.
(b) A table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will be notified of any incorrect number of cards being dealt. Depending on the situation, the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will determine how to proceed. Players receiving incorrect number of cards will have a dead (void) hand. If the dealer has an incorrect number of cards, the entire hand is a misdeal and the cards are dealt again.
(c) If the sensors start flashing during a round because the shuffler signaled an incorrect card count, the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will verify the correct number of cards is in play. If all players and the dealer have the correct number of cards, the remaining cards in the deck will be counted down. If the card count is correct ( 52 cards), the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official may direct the dealer to resume play. If the card count is not correct (any number other than 52 cards), the hand is void, all players' wagers shall be returned to them, and all of the cards contained in that stack or deck shall be removed from play and a new deck shall be put into play.
(d) It will be a misdeal if the dealer presses the start button to unload the remaining cars in the shuffling machine prior to delivering the dealer's hand. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-34. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Bad Beat Jackpot," beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
The rules and regulations for the game of "Bad Beat Jackpot" are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-34 through 111-401-37, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. $74-8710$ and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-35. Method of play. The Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway may designate certain poker games to participate in the Bad Beat Jackpot. The jackpot will be funded from each pot reaching a minimum of $\$ 20$. When the pot for a game reaches $\$ 20, \$ 1$ is placed in the Bad Beat drop box (a box located at each game table designated for the receipt of chips or cash). When a pot reaches $\$ 40$, an additional $\$ 1$ is placed in the Bad Beat drop box. The amount placed in the Bad Beat drop box per pot shall not exceed $\$ 2$. The Bad Beat drop box will be taken to the count room during the regular table games drop (the removal of chips and money from the gaming tables). The contents of each Bad Beat drop box will be counted daily and the amount will be added to the existing Bad Beat jackpot amount by a table games supervisor.
(a) A minimum of $\$ 20$ (including pot money and rake) must be in the pot for that hand in order for the hand to qualify for the Bad Beat jackpot.
(b) There will be three separate qualifying levels with progressively higher proportions of the jackpot paid according to the difficulty of reaching the relative tier. The percentage is the total portion of the jackpot paid and the tiers are not cumulative. The payout percentages based on the qualifying losing hands are as follows:
(1) Aces full of jacks (three aces with two jacks, two queens, or two kings): thirty percent ( $30 \%$ ) of the Bad Beat jackpot.
(2) Four-of-a-kind: fifty percent ( $50 \%$ ) of the Bad Beat jackpot.
(3) Four jacks or better (four jacks, four queens, four kings, or four aces): seventy percent ( $70 \%$ ) of the Bad Beat jackpot.
(c) Distribution of the Bad Beat Jackpot shall be as follows:
(1) Fifty percent (or equal portions of fifty percent if more than one player is holding a qualifying Bad Beat hand) of the Bad Beat jackpot total for the game in which the Bad Beat occurred will be given to the holder(s) of the Bad Beat (losing) hand.
(2) Twenty-five percent (or equal portions of twentyfive percent if more than one player is holding the winning hand) of the Bad Beat jackpot total in which the Bad Beat occurred will be given to the holder(s) of the winning hand.
(3) The remaining twenty-five percent of the Bad Beat jackpot for the game in which the Bad Beat occurred will be split among the remaining players at the table who were dealt a hand in that game.
(4) All payouts will be rounded up to the nearest dollar, adjusting the remaining jackpot balance accordingly.
(d) A minimum of four players must be dealt in a hand in order for the hand to qualify for the Bad Beat jackpot.
(e) Reduced rake games will not qualify for the Bad Beat jackpot. Bad Beat money will not be taken from a reduced rake game.
(f) Should there be a deviation (for example a misdeal, a missing card, two cards of the same rank and suit, extra cards, cheating) the jackpot may be declared null and void by the casino shift manager or higher ranking casino official. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-36. Qualifying hands for the Bad Beat jackpot. In order to qualify for the Bad Beat jackpot, the winning hand and a losing hand must have aces full of jacks or better (a full house consisting of three aces with either two jacks, two queens, or two kings, or a higher ranking poker hand). Both the winning hand and the losing hand must use both of their hole cards (the cards dealt face down) to qualify. To qualify for the Bad Beat jackpot with a four-of-a-kind, kickers (a card used to break a tie) will not count and the player's hand must contain a pocket pair (two hole cards of the same rank). (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-912, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-37. Payout of the Bad Beat jackpot. (a) A "Bad Beat" occurs when during a qualifying round of play in a designated poker game one hand qualifying to participate in the Bad Beat jackpot is beaten by another hand qualifying to participate in the Bad Beat jackpot.
(b) When a Bad Beat hand is formed, the qualifying hands must remain face up on the table in front of the respective players until verified by the casino. The dealer will notify the table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official of the winning hand. The pit manager and surveillance may also be notified of the potential jackpot.
(c) The table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will verify the deck of cards by directing the dealer to count down and sort the remaining cards by suit.
(d) After verification of the deck, the winning hand, the payout amount and any other approvals required by the casino, the hand qualifying to participate in the Bad Beat jackpot will be processed for payment.
(e) The table games supervisor or higher ranking casino official will collect the deck and place it into a secure container.
(f) Once the deck has been collected and placed into a secure container, a new deck of cards will be placed on the table and play may resume.
(g) After the jackpot has been paid, the hand qualifying to participate in the Bad Beat jackpot will reset to the new jackpot amount. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-

8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-38. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Seven-Card Stud Poker" beginning on or after January 1, 2012.

The rules and regulations for the game of "Seven-Card Stud Poker" are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-38 through 111-401-44, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-39. Object of game. Seven-Card Stud Poker is played at a large table with a maximum number of eight players using one deck of playing cards. The object of the game is for a player to create a five-card poker hand of a higher rank than the poker hand of all other players. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-40. Definitions. The following definitions, when pertaining to the game of Seven-Card Stud Poker, shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
(a) "All in" means when a player who has no funds remaining on the poker table to continue betting in a round of play still retains the right to contend for that portion of the pot in which the player has already placed a bet.
(b) "Ante" means a predetermined wager, which a player may be required to make prior to any cards being dealt in order to participate in the round of play.
(c) "Bet" or "wager" means an action by which a player places gaming chips into the pot on any betting round.
(d) "Betting round" means a complete wagering cycle in a hand of poker.
(e) "Blind bet" means a forced bet that only players sitting in specific betting positions at the poker table shall be required to place prior to looking at any cards.
(f) "Bring-In Bet" means a predetermined wager, which a player may be required to make based upon the first face up card in order to participate in the round of play.
(g) "Burn a card" means to remove a card from the top of a deck, which is discarded face down, which card is not in play and the identity of which remains unknown.
(h) "Button" or "dealer button" means an object, which is moved clockwise around the table after each hand is complete to denote an imaginary dealer and thereby determine the betting and dealing sequence.
(i) "Call" means a wager made in an amount equal to the immediately preceding wager.
(j) "Check" means when a player waives the right to initiate the betting in a betting round but retains the right to act if another player initiates the betting.
(k) "Collection" means another name for the rake collected by the house, which may be a specified amount charged to each player or as a percentage of the pot for each hand.
(continued)
(l) "Cut" means to divide a deck of playing cards into two parts in order to change the order of the cards without revealing the identity of any cards in the deck.
(m) "Deck" means a standard collection of 52 playing cards with the following 13 cards in each of four suits: 2, $3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$, jack, queen, king, and ace.
(n) "Face card" is a king, queen, or jack.
(o) "Flop" means the first three community cards dealt during a hand.
(p) "Fold" means the withdrawal of a player from a round of play by discarding his hand of cards during a betting round and refusing to equal a wager.
(q) "Forced bet" means a wager, which is required to start the wagering on the first betting round.
(r) "Hand" means one of two things, depending upon the context in which the term is used:
(1) the cards available to a player to use; or
(2) a complete round of play from the first ante or blind bet until the pot is awarded to a player.
(s) "High-low split eight or better poker" means the player with the highest ranking five card high hand and the player with the highest ranking five card low poker hand shall divide the pot equally.
(t) "Hole cards" means any cards dealt to a player face down, which are also known as "pocket cards," "in the hole," or "in the pocket."
(u) "Opening bet" means the first bet by each player in a round of play.
(v) "Pot" or "kitty" means the amount that is awarded to the winning player or players at the conclusion of a round of play and is equal to the total amount wagered by the players during the round of play minus any rake.
$(\mathrm{w})$ "Raise" means a bet in an amount greater than the immediately preceding bet in that betting round.
(x) "Rake" means the amount of gaming chips collected on each hand by the dealer representing the predetermined amount to be included in net gaming revenue.
(y) "Round of play" means the process by which cards are dealt, bets are placed and the winner of the pot is determined and paid in accordance with the rules of this game.
(z) "Suit" means one of the following four categories of cards: diamonds, spades, clubs, or hearts.
(aa) "Table stakes" means the gaming chips on the table, which are in play. A player may not add or subtract from his or her gaming chips at any time during a betting round of play.
(bb) "Up-cards" means any card dealt face up to a player or as community cards. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-41. Seven-Card Stud Poker hand rankings. (a) The rank of the cards used in Seven-Card Stud Poker for the determination of winning hands, in order of highest to lowest rank, shall be: ace, king, queen, jack, $10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3$, and 2 . All suits shall be considered equal in rank. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an ace may also be used to complete a "straight flush" or a "straight" formed with a $2,3,4$, and 5 .
(b) The permissible poker hands in order of highest to lowest rank, shall be:
(1) "Royal flush" is a hand consisting of an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 of the same suit;
(2) "Straight flush" is a hand consisting of five cards of the same suit in consecutive ranking, with king, queen, jack, 10, and 9 being the highest ranking straight flush and ace, $2,3,4$, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight flush;
(3) "Four-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of four cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with four aces being the highest ranking four-of-a-kind and four 2 s being the lowest ranking four-of-a-kind;
(4) "Full house" is a hand consisting of "three-of-akind" and a "pair," with three aces and two kings being the highest ranking full house and three twos and two 3s being the lowest ranking full house;
(5) "Flush" is a hand consisting of five cards of the same suit;
(6) "Straight" is a hand consisting of five cards of consecutive rank, regardless of suit with an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 being the highest ranking straight and an ace, $2,3,4$, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight, provided that an ace may not be combined with any other sequence of cards for purposes of determining a winning hand, (for example, queen, king, ace, 2,3 );
(7) "Three-of-a-kind" is a hand consisting of three cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with three aces being the highest ranking three-of-a-kind and three 2 s being the lowest ranking three-of-a-kind;
(8) "Two pairs" is a hand consisting of two "pairs," with two aces and two kings being the highest ranking two pair and two 3 s and two 2 s being the lowest ranking two pair;
(9) "One pair" is a hand consisting of two cards of the same rank, regardless of suit with two aces being the highest ranking pair and two 2 s being the lowest ranking pair; and
(10) "High hand" is, when comparing two hands that are of otherwise identical poker rank, the hand with the highest-ranking card.
(c) When comparing two hands, if none of the above poker rankings are contained in a ranking hand, the hand with the highest-ranking card shall be considered the higher hand.
(d) If, after all five cards are compared and the hands are identical, they shall be considered a tie and the pot split equally among those players that are tied. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-912, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-42. Wagers. (a) Only players who are seated at the poker table shall be permitted to receive cards and participate in each betting round.
(b) Depending upon the predetermined option for the poker game being dealt, a player may be required to:
(1) Place a predetermined ante prior to receiving any cards; or
(2) Place a predetermined blind bet prior to receiving any cards.
(c) A player may only participate in the wagering during a round of play with the table stakes gaming chips, which were already placed on the poker table in front of that player when the round of play commenced.
(d) A player may only add to his gaming chips between rounds of play and may not remove any of his gaming chips from the poker table at any time during ongoing play.
(e) A player who depletes his funds on the poker table prior to the completion of a round of play shall be deemed to be "all-in."
(f) An "all-in" player shall retain financial interest in the outcome of the round of play, but shall only be eligible to win the amount of the pot to which he contributed.
(g) An "all-in" player shall continue to receive any cards to which he would normally be entitled.
(h) Betting shall continue unimpeded among the other players by generating a separate secondary pot that only those active players shall be eligible to win.
(i) A verbal statement of "fold," "check," "call," "raise," or an announcement of a specific size wager by a player, assuming it is within the rules herein and the minimum and maximum wager limits for the poker table, shall be binding on the player if it is that player's turn to act.
(j) A player who announces a bet or raise of a certain amount but places a different amount of gaming chips in the pot shall be required to correct his or her bet or raise to the announced amount in accordance with the instructions of the dealer.
(k) A player shall be considered to have placed a wager if the player:
(1) Pushes gaming chips forward to indicate the intent of placing a wager;
(2) Releases gaming chips into the pot; or
(3) Releases gaming chips at a sufficient distance from the player and towards the pot to make it obvious that it is intended as a wager.
(l) A player shall not be permitted to make a wager and thereafter attempt to increase the amount of that wager.
( m ) If the player wishes to add additional gaming chips to a wager, the player must indicate at the time the wager is being made that the wager is not yet complete.
(n) A player who puts the proper amount of gaming chips into the pot to call a wager, without indicating his or her intention to raise, may not thereafter raise the previous wager.
(o) No player may touch any of the gaming chips once placed into the pot until a decision on the hand has been made.
(p) Unless a raise has been verbally announced by that player, a player who puts into the pot a single gaming chip that is larger than required is assumed to have only called the preceding wager and to be awaiting change from the dealer.
(q) Unless specifically posted at the gaming table to the contrary, a player shall be permitted to raise after he has previously checked in a betting round if another player raises the bet during the same betting round. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-43. Play. (a) The dealer must deal two cards one at a time face down and one card face up to
each player. The first player to receive a card is the player in the first player position clockwise from the player assigned the button. The last player to receive cards is the player assigned the button.
(b) After each player receives three cards there is a first round of betting. The player with the lowest cards face up will be required to place the bring-in bet and each player following in order shall have the option to call, raise, or fold.
(c) After the first round of betting is complete the dealer will burn one card and then deal each remaining player one card face up.
(d) A second round of betting occurs. The player with the highest visible hand shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(e) After the second round of betting is complete the dealer will burn one card and then deal each remaining player one card face up.
(f) A third round of betting occurs. The player with the highest visible hand shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(g) After the third round of betting is complete the dealer will burn one card and then deal each remaining player one card face up.
(h) A fourth round of betting occurs. The player with the highest visible hand shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(i) Following the fourth round of betting the dealer will burn a card and deal each remaining player the seventh and final card face down and the fifth and final betting round is conducted. The player with the highest visible hand shall either check or bet and each player following in order shall call, raise, or fold.
(j) Upon the completion of the fifth and final betting round, the cards belonging to each active player are turned face-up and the highest ranking five-card poker hand wins the pot, unless there is a tie, in which case the pot is split equally between the active players holding tied hands.
(k) In the event that enough players stay in the duration of the hand requiring additional cards, the dealer will reshuffle the burn cards and mucked cards and put them back into play. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)
111-401-44. High/Low deviation. The following seven-card stud high-low split eight or better poker deviation is an option that can be played. All the rules for the game of seven-card stud poker contained hereinbefore will be followed with the exception of how the player can win the pot or a portion of the pot.
(a) In seven-card stud high-low split eight or better poker, the player with the highest ranking five card high hand and the player with the highest ranking five card low poker hand, subject to the provisions of (b) below, shall divide the pot equally.
(b) If a pot cannot be divided equally, the excess amount, which shall not exceed $\$ 1.00$, shall be given to the player with the highest ranking high hand.
(c) If a tie exists between two or more players for the highest ranking high hand, the high hand share of the pot
shall be divided equally among the tied players. If the high hand share of the pot cannot be divided equally among the tied players, the excess, which shall not exceed $\$ 1.00$, shall be given to the player with the highest ranking high poker card by suit.
(d) If a tie exists between two or more players for the highest ranking low hand, the low hand share of the pot shall be divided equally among the tied players. If the low hand share of the pot cannot be divided equally among the tied players, the excess, which shall not exceed $\$ 1.00$, shall be given to the player with the lowest ranking low poker card by suit.
(e) For purposes of this regulation, the cards shall be ranked by suit with the highest to lowest ranked suit in order as follows: spades, hearts, diamonds and clubs.
(f) In seven-card stud high-low split eight or better poker, a winning low hand may not contain any pairs or a nine, 10 , jack, queen or king. This defines the qualifying clause known as "eight or better." In the event that none of the hands of the remaining players satisfies this requirement, the entire pot shall be awarded to the player with the highest ranking high hand.
(g) In seven-card stud high-low split eight or better poker, the player may form two different hands of five cards each out of the player's seven available cards, enabling that player to contend for both the high hand and low hand share of the pot. A player may use the same five card grouping to make a high poker hand and a low poker hand.
(h) In seven-card stud high-low split eight or better poker, an ace may be used concurrently as a low card to satisfy a low hand and as a high card to satisfy a high hand. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-45. Name of the game; rules and regulations. The Kansas lottery shall conduct a lottery facility game at the Hollywood Casino at Kansas Speedway in Kansas City, Kansas, entitled "Seven Card Stud (RAZZ)," beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
The rules and regulations for the game of "Seven Card Stud (RAZZ)" are contained in K.A.R. 111-401-45 through 111-401-50, and applicable generic rules are contained in K.A.R. 111-201-1 et seq. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-46. Object of game. Seven Card Stud (RAZZ) is a game played player versus player. The house takes a rake or percentage from each qualifying pot. The pot is built by a series of antes, checks, raises, and calls by players who wish to remain in the hand. The object of the game is to attain the highest ranking poker hand using a combination of cards dealt to each player and if applicable to the rules of the game cards placed in the center of the table. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 748710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)
111-401-47. Gaming equipment and ranking of hands. (a) Poker is played on an oval-shaped table with a layout approved by the Lottery.
(b) Poker is played with one standard deck of 52 playing cards with no jokers. A standard deck of 52 playing cards consists of a $2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10$, jack, queen, king and ace in each of the following four suits: hearts, clubs, diamonds and spades.
(c) Unless specifically provided otherwise in the rules of each poker game all hands will be ranked from highest to lowest as follows:
(1) Royal flush - consisting of an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 of the same suit.
(2) Straight flush - consisting of five cards of the same suit in consecutive ranking with king, queen, jack, 10, and 9 being the highest straight flush and ace, 2, 3, 4, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight flush.
(3) Four-of-a-kind - consisting of four cards of the same rank, with four aces being the highest ranking four-of-a-kind and four 2 s being the lowest ranking four-of-akind.
(4) Full house - consisting of three-of-a-kind plus an additional pair, with three aces and two kings being the highest ranking full house and three 2 s and two 3 s being the lowest ranking full house.
(5) Flush - consisting of five cards of the same suit not in sequence with ace, king, queen, jack, and 9 being the highest ranking flush and $7,5,4,3$, and 2 being the lowest ranking flush.
(6) Straight - consisting of five cards of consecutive rank, regardless of suit with an ace, king, queen, jack, and 10 being the highest ranking straight and ace, 2, 3, 4, and 5 being the lowest ranking straight.
(7) Three-of-a-kind - consisting of three cards of the same rank regardless of suit, with three aces being the highest ranking three-of-a-kind and three 2 s being the lowest ranking three-of-a-kind.
(8) Two pair - consisting of two pair of cards of the same rank with two aces and two kings being the highest ranking two pair and two 3 s and two 2 s being the lowest ranking two pair.
(9) One pair - consisting of two cards of the same rank, regardless of suit, with two aces being the highest ranking pair and two $2 s$ being the lowest ranking pair.
(10) High card - the highest ranking card in a five card hand not containing any of the above-listed combinations.
(11) If two or more players' hands have an otherwise equal value, then the rank of the remaining cards in the five-card hand will determine the higher ranking hand. If two or more players' hands are identical the hand will be declared a draw with no winner or loser. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-48. Shuffling and cutting cards. (a) Before any cards are dealt in a game of poker they must be shuffled and the deck cut. A shuffling machine may be used to shuffle the cards. Prior to placing the cards into the card shuffling machine, the dealer may wash the cards (manually mix the cards on the poker table layout). In the event a shuffling machine is not used, the dealer will wash the cards and then proceed to shuffle the cards manually.
(b) After the shuffle, the dealer will set the deck flat on the poker table layout in order to cut the deck. The dealer will take approximately one-half of the deck from the top and place it on top of the cut cards. The dealer will then place the remaining cards on top of what was the upper half. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 748748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-49. House rules. House rules for Seven Card Stud (RAZZ) shall be posted in the poker room, which rules shall include the following:
(a) Only players who are at the poker table are permitted to place wagers at the game. Once a player has placed a wager and received cards, the player must remain at the table until the completion of the round of play.
(b) A player may only add to the player's chips between rounds of play and may not remove any of the player's chips from the poker table at any time during ongoing play. A player cannot use chips out of the player's pocket after a hand has started.
(c) A player who depletes his or her funds on the poker table prior to the completion of the round of play will be deemed to be "all in." An "all in" player will retain financial interest in the outcome of the round of play, but will only be eligible to win the amount of the pot to which the player contributed. An all-in player will continue to receive any cards to which the player would normally be entitled. Betting will continue unimpeded among the other players by generating a separate secondary pot(s), which only those players will be eligible to win.
(d) Any action taken by a player out of turn, whether verbal or physical, will be binding unless a skipped player changes the action, or unless the player acting out of turn was misled into believing it was player's turn to act by the dealer or another player.
(e) String bets will not be permitted. A "string bet" is making one type of bet followed by making another type of bet. A player may not state the player calls a bet made by another player and then state he or she is raising the other player's prior bet.
(f) A player who announces a bet or raise of a certain amount, but places a different amount of chips in the pot, will be required to correct player's bet or raise to the announced amount.
(g) A player will be considered to have placed a bet if the player:
(1) pushes the chips forward to indicate the intent of placing a bet;
(2) releases chips into the pot (the center of the table); or
(3) releases chips at a sufficient distance from the player and towards the pot to make it obvious that the release is intended as a bet.
(h) A player will not be permitted to make a bet and thereafter attempt to increase the amount of that bet.
(i) If the player wishes to add additional chips to the bet, the player must indicate at the time the bet is being made that the bet is not yet complete. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

111-401-50. Method of play. In Seven Card Stud (RAZZ), the best five cards of the seven cards dealt determine the ranking of each player's hand.
(a) Starting with the first player to the left of the dealer and continuing in a clockwise rotation around the table, the dealer will deal one card face down to each player, followed in the same sequence by another card dealt face down to each player, with a last card dealt in the same sequence to each player face up.
(b) Once each player has received three cards, the first betting round will commence by comparing the up card of each player. For the purpose of this subsection, in the event that two or more up cards are of the same rank, the up cards will then be ranked by suit, with the highest to lowest ranked suits in order as follows: spades, hearts, diamonds, and clubs. Betting begins with the player having the highest ranked card making a wager.
(c) Following the placement of the forced bet (the first bet made), each subsequent player may, proceeding in a clockwise rotation from the player who placed the forced bet, fold, call, or raise the bet. After the last player has responded to the most recent bet, the betting round will be considered complete.
(d) Upon completion of the first betting round, the dealer will burn the top card of the deck and then, starting with the first remaining player clockwise from the dealer, deal a fourth card face up to each player who has not folded. The next betting round will commence as follows:
(1) The player with the lowest hand showing is the first to act, and must bet or check (place no bet); or
(2) if the lowest ranking poker hand showing is held by two or more players, the player with the lowest ranking hand by suit will be required to bet or check. For the purpose of this subsection, the highest to lowest ranked suits in order are as follows: spades, hearts, diamonds, and clubs.
(e) Following the initial bet or check required above, each subsequent player, proceeding in a clockwise rotation, may fold, call, raise, or check, but a player may check only if one or more of the preceding players have not made a bet. Each player may check until a bet is made. Players may check around the table with no wager for that round. Once a bet has been made, the next player in a clockwise rotation may fold, call, or raise. After the last player has responded to the most recent bet, the betting round will be considered complete.
(f) The dealer starting with the first player to the left of the dealer who has not folded and continuing in a clockwise rotation around the table will deal to each player who remains in the game one card face up, followed in the same sequence by another card dealt face up to each player, with a last card dealt in the same sequence to each player face down. After players have received their cards in each round of play, the round will be followed by the placement of bets conducted in accordance with the provisions in paragraph (e) herein. Prior to each round of cards being dealt, the dealer will burn the top card of the deck. Every effort should be made to deal each player his own hole card (the seventh and final card dealt to each player). This may require up to two additional cards than the number of remaining players. If insufficient cards re-
(continued)
main in the deck to give each player a seventh and final card, the top card of the deck will be burned and a common card will be dealt face up in the center of the table. If there is one or no cards remaining in the deck, the dealer will shuffle the burn cards, burn a card, and then deal the common card.
(g) If more than one player remains in the round of play after the final betting round has been completed, a "showdown" will be used to determine the winner of the pot. Each player remaining in the game will form the lowest possible five card poker hand from the seven cards which were dealt. This five card hand will constitute the poker hand of that player at the showdown. The winner of the pot will be the player with the lowest ranking hand
(ace, 2, 3, 4, 5 would be the lowest possible hand). Straights and flushes otherwise contained in the player's lowest ranking hand do not count against a player.
(1) If a tie exists between two or more players for the lowest ranking hand, the pot will be divided equally among the tied players.
(2) Whenever a pot cannot be split evenly, an odd chip will go to the first player remaining in the hand who is clockwise from the button. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710 and 74-8748; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 74-8710; effective, T-111-2-9-12, Dec. 14, 2011.)

Dennis Wilson
Executive Director
Doc. No. 040388

## INDEX TO ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS

This index lists in numerical order the new, amended and revoked administrative regulations and the volume and page number of the Kansas Register issue in which more information can be found. Temporary regulations are designated with a (T) in the Action column. This cumulative index supplements the 2009 Volumes of the Kansas Administrative Regulations and the 2010 Supplement of the Kansas Administrative Regulations.

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| $1-9-5 \mathrm{a}$ | New | V. 30, p. 1414 |
| $1-16-8$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 676 |
| $1-16-15$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 677 |
| $1-16-18$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 677 |
| $1-16-18 \mathrm{a}$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 678 |
| $1-16-20$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 680 |
| $1-64-1$ | Revoked | V.31, p. 171 |
| $1-65-1$ | New | V. 30, p. 44 |
| $1-66-1$ | New | V. 30, p. 44 |
| $1-66-2$ | New | V. 30, p. 45 |
| $1-66-3$ | New | V. 30, p. 45 |
| $1-67-1$ | New | V. 30, p. 45 |
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| $1-67-3$ | New | V. 30, p. 45 |
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AGENCY 3: KANSAS STATE TREASURER

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| $3-3-2$ | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 702 |
| $3-3-2$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 9 |

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| $4-1-6$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 636 |
| $4-1-8$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 636 |
| $4-1-9$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 636 |
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| $4-1-9 \mathrm{~b}$ | New | V. 30, p. 637 |
| $4-1-11$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 637 |
| $4-1-13$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 637 |
| $4-1-14$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 637 |
| $4-1-17$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 638 |
| $4-3-47$ | Amended (T) | V. 30, p. 25 |
| $4-3-47$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 411 |
| $4-3-48$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 411 |
| $4-3-49$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1179 |
| $4-3-50$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 411 |
| $4-3-51$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1179 |
| $4-7-213$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1023 |
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| 14-11-7 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1307 | 26-8-8 | Amended | V. 30, p. 922 | 28-21-33a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
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| 14-11-10d | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1308 | 26-11-3 | Revoked | V. 30, p. 923 | 28-21-41a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-11 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1633 | 26-39-100 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1772 | 28-21-42a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-14 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1308 | 26-39-101 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1775 | 28-21-43a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-15 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1308 | 26-39-105 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1777 | 28-21-44a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-16 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1308 | 26-40-301 |  |  | 28-21-50a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-22 | New | V. 29, p. 1633 | through |  |  | 28-21-51a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-23 |  |  | 26-40-305 | New | V. 29, p. 1777-1793 | 28-21-52a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
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| 14-11-29 | New | V. 29, P. 1308-1310 | AGENC | 28: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT |  | 28-21-54a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-11-27 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1730 |  |  |  | 28-21-55a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-13-12 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1023 |  |  |  | 28-21-56a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
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| 14-19-27 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1310 | 28-1-27 | New | V. 30, p. 111 | 28-21-58a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-19-38 | New | V. 29, p. 1311 | 28-1-30 | New | V. 30, p. 369 | 28-21-59a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
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| 14-20-41 | New | V. 29, p. 1312 | 28-4-92 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1705 | 28-21-63 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
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| 14-23-5 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1314 | 28-4-115 | Amended | V. 31, p. 83 | 28-21-82 |  |  |
| 14-23-8 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1314 | 28-4-115a | New | V. 31, p. 85 | through |  |  |
| 14-23-10 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1315 | 28-4-116 | Amended | V. 31, p. 86 | 28-21-85 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
| 14-24-1 |  |  | 28-4-116a | New | V. 31, p. 87 | 28-23-4 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 726 |
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V. 29 p. 1138
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V. 29, p. 1142
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V. 29, p. 1142
V. 29, p. 1144
V. 29, p. 1144
$\qquad$
Register

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 30-5-118a | Revoked | V. 29, p. 293 |


| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36-39-2 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1090 |
| 36-39-2 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1416 |
| 36-39-4 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1091 |
| 36-39-4 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1416 |
| 36-39-6 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1091 |
| 36-39-6 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1416 |

$36-42-1$
through
$36-42-9$
36-42-9 New
V. 29, p. 502-504

AGENCY 40: KANSAS INSURANCE
DEPARTMENT

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $40-1-22$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 722 |
| $40-1-37$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 193 |
| $40-1-48$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1752 |
| $40-3-33$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 232 |
| $40-3-43$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1337 |
| $40-4-42 \mathrm{c}$ | Amended | V. 31, p. 170 |
| $40-4-43$ | New | V. 29, p. 703 |
| $40-5-7$ | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| $40-7-26$ | New | V. 29, p. 1752 |
| $40-7-27$ | New | V. 29, p. 1753 |
| $40-9-23$ | New | V. 29, p. 1813 |
| $40-10-16$ | New | V. 30, p. 556 |
| AGENCY 44: DEPARTMENT OF |  |  |
| CORRECTIONS |  |  |
|  |  |  |


| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44-5-115 | Amended | V. 31, p. 301 |
| 44-9-101 | Amended | V. 31, p. 302 |
| 44-9-105 | Amended | V. 31, p. 303 |
| 44-9-107 | New | V. 31, p. 304 |
| 44-9-501 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 44-9-504 | New | V. 31, p. 304, 305 |
| 44-11-111 | Amended | V. 31, p. 193 |
| 44-11-113 | Amended | V. 31, p. 194 |
| 44-11-119 | Amended | V. 31, p. 195 |
| 44-11-121 | Amended | V. 31, p. 195 |
| 44-11-123 | Amended | V. 31, p. 195 |
| 44-11-127 | Amended | V. 31, p. 195 |
| 44-11-129 | Amended | V. 31, p. 196 |
| 44-11-132 | Amended | V. 31, p. 196 |

AGENCY 45: PRISONER REVIEW BOARD

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $45-100-1$ | Revoked | V. 31, p. 306 |
| 45-500-1 <br> through <br> $45-500-4$ | Revoked |  |
|  |  | V. 31, p. 306 |


| AGENCY 48: DEPARTMENT OF LABOREMPLOYMENT SECURITY BOARD |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 48-1-1 through |  |  |
| 48-1-6 | Amended | V. 29, p. 15-17 |
| 48-2-1 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 48-2-5 | Amended | V. 29, p. 17 |
| 48-3-1 | Amended | V. 29, p. 18 |
| 48-3-2 | Amended | V. 29, p. 18 |
| 48-3-4 | Amended | V. 29, p. 18 |
| 48-3-5 | Amended | V. 29, p. 18 |
| 48-4-1 | Amended | V. 29, p. 18 |
| 48-4-2 | Amended | V. 29, p. 18 |

AGENCY 49: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
Reg. No. Action Register

49-55-1
through
through
New
V. 29, p. 675, 676

## AGENCY 50: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR-

 DIVISION OF EMPLOYMENT| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 50-2-21a | New (T) | V. 29, p. 701 |
| $50-2-21 \mathrm{a}$ | New | V. 29, p. 1214 |

## AGENCY 51: DEPARTMENT OF LABOR-

 DIVISION OF WORKERS COMPENSATION| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $51-3-8$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1649 |
| $51-7-8$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1541 |
| $51-9-7$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1577 |

## AGENCY 60: BOARD OF NURSING

Reg. No. Action Register

60-16-105 Revoked V. 29, p. 1115

| AGENCY 63: BOARD OF MORTUARY ARTS |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| $63-1-6$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1215 |
| $63-4-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1215 |
| $63-6-2$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1215 |
| $63-6-3$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1216 |
| $63-7-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1216 |
| $63-7-2$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1217 |
| $63-7-6$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1217 |
| $63-7-7$ | Amended | V. 30, p 1217 |
| $63-7-9$ | New | V. 30, p. 1218 |
| $63-7-10$ | New | V. 30, p. 1218 |
| $63-7-11$ | New | V. 30, p. 1218 |


| AGENCY 65: BOARD OF EXAMINERS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| IN OPTOMETRY |  |
| Reg. No. Action | Register | 65-4-3 Amended

AGENCY 66: BOARD OF TECHNICAL PROFESSIONS

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| $66-7-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1681 |
| $66-8-6$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 794 |
| $66-9-7$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1681 |
| $66-10-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1681 |
| $66-10-3$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1681 |
| $66-12-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1681 |
| $66-14-10$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 794 |


| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 68-1-1b | Amended | V. 29, p. 465 |
| 68-2-22 | Amended | V. 30, p. 537 |
| 68-7-11 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1053 |
| 68-7-21 | New | V. 29, p. 465 |
| 68-20-10a | Amended | V. 30, p. 538 |
| 68-20-24 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 357 |
| 68-20-25 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 357 |
| 68-20-26 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 357 |
| 68-20-27 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 357 |
| 68-20-28 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 635 |
| 68-20-29 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 635 |
| 68-21-1 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 68-21-7 | New | V. 29, p. 1417-1420 |
| 68-21-2 | Amended | V. 30, p. 370 |
| 68-22-1 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 68-22-5 | New | V. 30, p. 1515 |

AGENCY 70: BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 70-7-1 | Amended | V. 31, p. 14 |
| AGENCY 71: KANSAS DENTAL BOARD |  |  |


| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $71-4-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1680 |
| 71-5-1 <br> through <br> $71-5-6$ |  |  |
| 71-5-7 <br> through <br> $71-5-13$ | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1593 |


| AGENCY 74: BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| $74-4-8$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1636 |
| $74-4-9$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1638 |
| $74-5-2$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1638 |
| $74-5-101$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1639 |
| $74-5-202$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1639 |
| $74-5-203$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1639 |
| $74-6-2$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1640 |
| $74-11-6$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1640 |
| $74-11-7$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1640 |
| $74-12-1$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1641 |
| $74-15-2$ | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1641 |


| AGENCY 81: OFFICE OF THE |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| SECURITIES COMMISSIONER |  |  |
| Reg. No. | $\quad$ Action | Register |
| $81-2-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1048 |
| $81-5-21$ | New | V. 30, p. 1049 |
| $81-20-1$ | Revoked | V.30, p. 866 |
| $81-20-2$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 866 |


| 81-22-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 866 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $81-22-2$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 866 |
| $81-23-1$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-23-2$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-24-1$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-25-1$ | Revored | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-25-2$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-25-3$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-26-3$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-28-1$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-28-2$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |
| $81-30-1$ | Revoked | V. 30, p. 867 |


| 88-29-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 946 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 88-29-3 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 88-29-7 | Amended | V. 30, p. 947, 948 |
| 88-29-7a | New | V. 30, p. 949 |
| 88-29-8 | Amended | V. 30, p. 949 |
| 88-29-8c | New | V. 30, p. 949 |
| 88-29-9 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 88-29-12 | Amended | V. 30, p. 949-952 |
| 88-29-18 | Amended | V. 30, p. 953 |
| 88-29-19 | Amended | V. 30, p. 953 |
| 88-29a-5 | New | V. 30, p. 954 |
| 88-29a-6 | New | V. 30, p. 955 |
| 88-29a-7 | New | V. 30, p. 955 |
| 88-29a-7a | New | V. 30, p. 956 |
| 88-29a-8 | New | V. 30, p. 956 |
| 88-29a-8c | New | V. 30, p. 956 |
| 88-29a-9 | New | V. 30, p. 956 |
| 88-29a-10 | New | V. 30, p. 957 |
| 88-29a-11 | New | V. 30, p. 958 |
| 88-29a-18 | New | V. 30, p. 959 |
| 88-29a-19 | New | V. 30, p. 960 |
| 88-30-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 194 |

AGENCY 91: DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 91-1-200 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| $91-1-204$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1050-1057 |
| $91-1-230$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1060 |
| $91-1-231$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1060 |
| $91-1-232$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1061 |
| $91-1-235$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1062 |
| $91-1-236$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 1063 |
| $91-40-1$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1093 |
| $91-40-27$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 1098 |

## AGENCY 92: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 92-12-66a | Amended | V. 30, p. 1415 |
| 92-19-3 | Revoked | V. 30, p. 280 |
| 92-19-3a | New | V. 30, p. 280 |
| 92-19-3b | New | V. 30, p. 283 |
| 92-19-3c | New | V. 30, p. 285 |
| 92-19-10 | Revoked | V. 30, p. 285 |
| 92-19-16a | Amended | V. 30, p. 285 |
| 92-19-16b | Revoked | V. 30, p. 286 |
| 92-19-40 | Revoked | V. 30, p. 286 |
| 92-19-42 | Revoked | V. 30, p. 286 |
| 92-19-49b | Amended | V. 30, p. 286 |
| 92-19-55b | New | V. 30, p. 287 |
| 92-19-59 | Amended | V. 30, p. 289 |
| 92-19-73 | Amended | V. 30, p. 289 |
| 92-24-23 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1633 |
| 92-51-25a | New | V. 29, p. 1281 |
| AGENCY 94: COURT OF TAX APPEALS |  |  |
| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 94-2-1 <br> through |  |  |
| 94-2-21 | Revoked | V. 29, p. 1478, 1479 |
| 94-3-2 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1213 |
| 94-5-1 |  |  |
| through |  |  |
| 94-5-25 | New | V. 29, p. 1479-1485 |
| 94-5-8 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1213 |

## Agency 97: COMMISSION ON <br> VETERANS' AFFAIRS

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 97-7-1 <br> through |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 97-7-6 | New | V. 29, p. 252-254 |
| AGENCY 99: DEPARTMENT OF |  |  |
| AGRICULTURE-DIVISION OF |  |  |
| WEIGHTS AND MEASURES |  |  |
| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 99-25-1 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1242 |
| 99-25-9 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1242 |
| 99-25-12 | New | V. 29, p. 1242 |

$\begin{array}{ccc}\text { 99-25-12 } & \text { New } & \text { V. 29, p. } 124 \\ \text { AGENCY 100: BOARD OF HEALING ARTS }\end{array}$

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 100-11-1 | Amended | V. 29, p. 650 |
| 100-28a-5 | Amended | V. 31, p. 323 |
|  |  | (continued) |


| 100-28a-10 | Amended | V. 31, p. 324 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $100-29-1$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 598 |
| $100-49-4$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 651 |
| $100-55-1$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 704 |
| $100-55-7$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 651 |
| $100-69-12$ | New | V. 29, p. 704 |
| $100-72-2$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 705 |
| $100-73-2$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 598 |

## AGENCY 102: BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES REGULATORY BOARD

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102-2-3 | Amended | V. 29, p. 340 |
| 102-5-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 371 |
| 102-6-1 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-2 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-4 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-5 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-8 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-9 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-9a | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-10 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-11 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-6-12 | Revoked | V. 31, p. 114 |
| 102-7-1 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1542 |
| 102-7-1 | New | V. 31, p. 16 |
| 102-7-2 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1543 |
| 102-7-2 | New | V. 31, p. 17 |
| 102-7-3 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1543 |
| 102-7-3 | New | V. 31, p. 17 |
| 102-7-4 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1546 |
| 102-7-4 | New | V. 31, p. 20 |
| 102-7-4a | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1548 |
| 102-7-4a | New | V. 31, p. 21 |
| 102-7-4b | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1548 |
| 102-7-4b | New | V. 31, p. 22 |
| 102-7-5 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1549 |
| 102-7-5 | New | V. 31, p. 23 |
| 102-7-6 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1550 |
| 102-7-6 | New | V. 31, p. 23 |
| 102-7-7 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1552 |
| 102-7-7 | New | V.31, p. 25 |
| 102-7-7a | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1552 |
| 102-7-7a | New | V. 31, p. 25 |
| 102-7-8 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1552 |
| 102-7-8 | New | V. 31, p. 26 |
| 102-7-9 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1552 |
| 102-7-9 | New | V.31, p. 26 |
| 102-7-10 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1553 |
| 102-7-10 | New | V. 31, p. 27 |
| 102-7-11 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1554 |
| 102-7-11 | New | V. 31, p. 27 |
| 102-7-11a | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1556 |
| 102-7-11a | New | V.31, p. 29 |
| 102-7-12 | New (T) | V. 30, p. 1556 |
| 102-7-12 | New | V. 31, p. 29 |

AGENCY 105: BOARD OF

| INDIGENTS' DEFENSE SERVICES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 105-4-1 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1338 |
| 105-4-1 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1506 |
| 105-4-2 | Amended (T) | V. 30, p. 1086 |
| 105-4-2 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1466 |
| 105-4-3 | Amended (T) | V. 30, p. 1086 |
| 105-4-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1466 |
| 105-5-2 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1339 |
| 105-5-2 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1506 |
| 105-5-3 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1339 |
| 105-5-3 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1506 |
| 105-5-6 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1339 |
| 105-5-6 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1506 |
| 105-5-7 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1339 |
| 105-5-7 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1507 |
| 105-5-8 | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1340 |
| 105-5-8 | Amended | V. 29, p. 1507 |
| 105-11-1 | Amended (T) | V. 30, p. 1086 |
| 105-11-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1466 |

## AGENCY 108: STATE EMPLOYEES HEALTH CARE COMMISSION

| Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| $108-1-1$ | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1340 |
| $108-1-1$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 166 |
| $108-1-3$ | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1342 |
| $108-1-3$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 168 |
| $108-1-4$ | Amended (T) | V. 29, p. 1344 |
| $108-1-4$ | Amended | V. 30, p. 170 |


| 112-106-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 301 | 115-8-6 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1665 | AGENCY 123: JUVENILE JUSTICE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 112-106-2 | Amended | V. 30, p. 303 | 115-8-9 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1467 |  | AUTHO |  |
| 112-106-5 | Amended | V. 30, p. 303 | 115-8-10 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1468 | Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 112-106-6 | Amended | V. 30, p. 304 | 115-8-12 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1666 | Reg. No. |  | Register |
| 112-107-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 304 | 115-8-13 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1180 | $123-2-111$ | New (T) | $\text { V. 29, p. } 1115$ |
| 112-107-5 | Amended | V. 30, p. 307 | 115-16-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1180 | 123-2-111 | New | V. 29, p. 1415 |
| 112-107-10 | Amended | V. 30, p. 308 | 115-16-5 | Amended | V. 30, p. 334 | AGENCY 129: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH |  |  |
| 112-107-21 | Amended | V. 30, p. 309 | 115-17-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1468 | AND ENVIRONMENT-DIVISION OF HEALTH CARE FINANCE |  |  |
| 112-107-22 | Amended | V. $30, \mathrm{p} .310$ | 115-17-2 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1468 |  |  |  |
| 112-108-18 | Amended | V. 30, p. 311 | 115-17-2a | New | V. 30, p. 1469 |  |  |  |
| 112-108-23 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1609 | 115-17-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1469 | Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 112-108-36 | Amended | V. 30, p. 312 | 115-17-4 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1470 | 129-5-1 | Amended | V. 31, p. 171 |
| 112-108-55 | Amended | V. 30, p. 313 | 115-17-5 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1470 | 129-5-118 | Amended | V. 29, p. 293 |
| 112-110-1 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1611 | 115-17-10 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1470 | 129-5-118a | New | V. 29, p. 294 |
| 112-110-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 313 | 115-17-11 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1470 | 129-5-118b | Amended | V. 29, p. 296 |
| 112-110-14 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1612 | 115-17-12 | Amended | V. 30, p. 1471 | 129-10-31 | New | V. 30, p. 92 |
| 112-112-1 | Amended | V. 30 , p. 314 | $115-18-7$ $115-18-20$ | Amended | V. 29, p. 659 V. 29, p. 1608 | AGENCY 130: HOME INSPECTORS <br> REGISTRATION BOARD |  |  |
| 112-112-3 | Amended | V. 30, p. 314 | 115-18-20-7 | Amended | V. 29,29, p. 1608 |  |  |  |
| 112-112-4 | Amended | V. 30, p. 314 | 115-30-13 | New | V. 30, p. 1666 | Reg. No. | Action | Register |
| 112-112-7 | Amended | V. 30, p. 315 | 115-30-13 |  | V.30, p. 1666 |  |  | Register |
| 112-112-9 | Amended | V. $30, \mathrm{p} .315$ | AGENCY 117: REAL ESTATE <br> APPRAISAL BOARD |  |  | 130-1-2 | New (T) | V. 29, p. 38 |
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